

PODIATRY

Podiatry Labour Force Survey, 2007

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Acknowledgements

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Executive summary

This report contains the results of a Podiatry Labour Force Survey carried out by the Chief Health Professions Office (CHPO).

WA Health sought and received support from the Podiatry WA Registration Board. The double-sided A4 paper surveys were sent with renewal of registration paperwork at the end of 2007. Individuals were asked to complete the survey and return to the Board with registration renewal paperwork. The completed surveys were then collected from the Boards. Information was sought from the Boards as to the total registrant's numbers in order to calculate a percentage return.

The main findings from the survey were as follows:

- There are more females than males in the occupation of Podiatry.
- Whilst health issues that affected ability to work only affected a minority of the podiatry workforce, the majority of the complaints were back and neck pain related.
- Bachelor degree is currently the most popular means of obtaining a Podiatry qualification.
- The majority of a Podiatrists' time is spent in the clinic.
- The majority of the Podiatry workforce work in privately run facilities and the majority of their time is spent in private practice.
- Podiatrists that work in public run facilities share their time between Community Health Service, government facility and the hospital.
- Podiatrists spend 1-5 hours a week conducting professional development which is mostly unpaid time.
- Very few Podiatrists spend any time conducting research.
- A majority of the respondents would prefer to have more professional development time and most would like it to be paid.
- Most Podiatrists have their practice close to their place of residence
- There is a shortage of Podiatry practices in the southern suburbs of the metropolitan area
- Retirement is the main reason why Podiatrists leave the profession but career change is the second most popular reason.
- Career change is one of the most listed reasons for leaving podiatry by people with less than 10 years experience.

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Introduction/Background

Podiatrists play an important role in the maintenance of mobility and consequently general health and independence of all members of the community by providing comprehensive foot care. The podiatrist is a valued member of the health care team and does more than just treat painful and debilitating foot problems. They conduct targeted screening and risk prevention, provide prophylactic treatment strategies which may delay or prevent hospitalisation and invasive treatment techniques and devise therapeutic care plans which facilitate mobility and activity.

Podiatric services offer a range of benefits for a variety of community groups. Podiatrists have an important role to play in maintaining individual mobility and independence by alleviating painful foot conditions, particularly for those aged over 65 (Australasian Podiatry Council). Diabetes Australia recommends that people without established foot problems, should have their feet examined once a year by a podiatrist. This should be done every 3 to 6 months in people with at risk feet but without a current active problem (ADS, 2005).

Other chronic conditions such as arthritis, are improved with podiatric intervention. This is achieved through both the direct effects of the treatment and the indirect benefits of improved mobility. The chronic injuries common amongst athletes, often requiring frustrating and expensive ongoing physical therapy and possibly surgery, are increasingly referred for podiatric intervention to correct underlying causative mechanical factors and improve rate of recovery (Australasian Podiatry Council).

References

Australasian Podiatry Council. www.apodc.com.au

ADS (2005), Evidence Based Guideline for Detection and Prevention of Diabetes Foot Problems. www.diabetesaustralia.com.au

Purpose statement

To obtain whole of profession data, a West Australian Labour force survey was undertaken for the occupational group of Podiatry.

Response Rate

Based on the total number of registrations in Western Australia and therefore the number of surveys sent out, the response rate to the survey was 59.44%.

Respondents	170
Registrations	286
Response Rate	59.44%

Methodology

WA Health developed Labour Force survey tools based on Labour Force surveys for these occupations previously administered for the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) by other jurisdictions. WA Health sought and received support from the Podiatry WA Registration Board. The double-sided A4 paper surveys were sent with renewal of registration paperwork at the end of 2007. Individuals were asked to complete the survey and return to the Board with registration renewal paperwork. The completed surveys were then collected from the Board. Information was sought from the Board as to the total registrant's numbers in order to calculate a percentage return.

Graphical representation and statistical analysis was conducted using Microsoft excel 2003.

Growth of Occupation

According to the historical data available from the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), the profession of Podiatry has undergone a strong growth rate for the last ten years. While we do not have the annual data for the profession as a census is only taken every 5 years, Podiatry has undergone a net growth of 67% between 1996 and 2006.

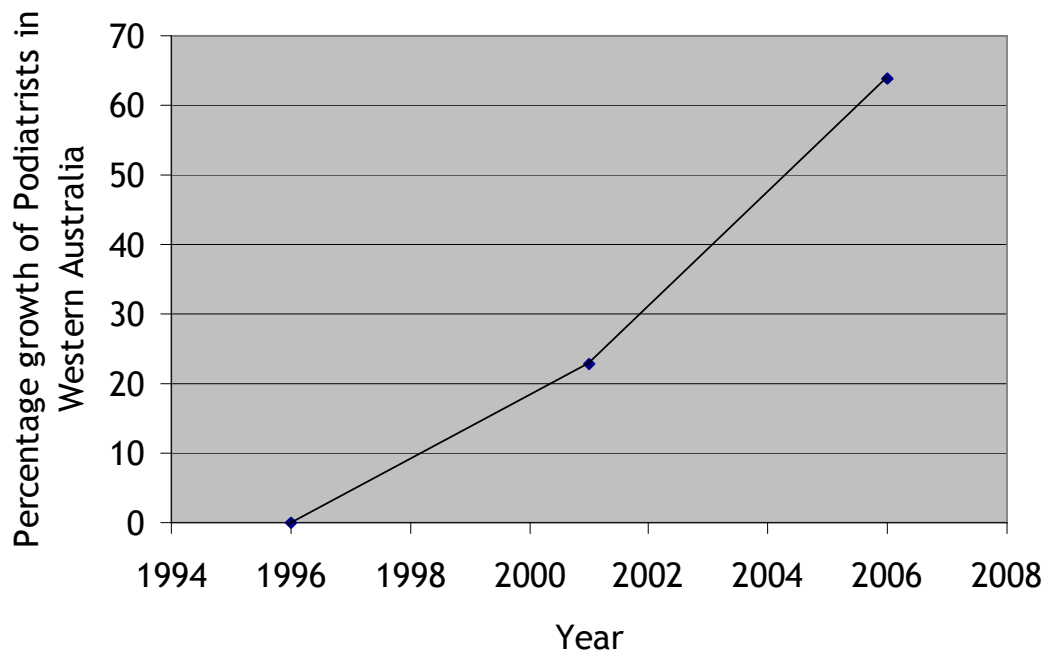


Figure 1a. Percentage growth in the number of active registered podiatrists in Western Australia. Table 1a- Appendix 1.

Notes: Figure 1a uses 1996 taken as the base year. Yearly figures are calculated as percentage change from 1996. Figures were only calculated for 2001 and 2006 as those were the years when a national census was taken. This data includes everyone that listed Podiatry as their occupation in the 1996, 2001 and 2006 national census.

Section 1

Demographical information

Section 1 of the survey asked the survey respondents a variety of questions to gather demographical information.

Gender Distribution

The first question was to ascertain the gender distribution in the profession of Podiatry in Western Australia. Data obtained from the labour force survey undertaken in 2007 indicates that there are currently more females in the profession of Podiatry. As the figure below suggests, there are 1.5 females for every male currently in the profession of Podiatry in Western Australia for 2007.

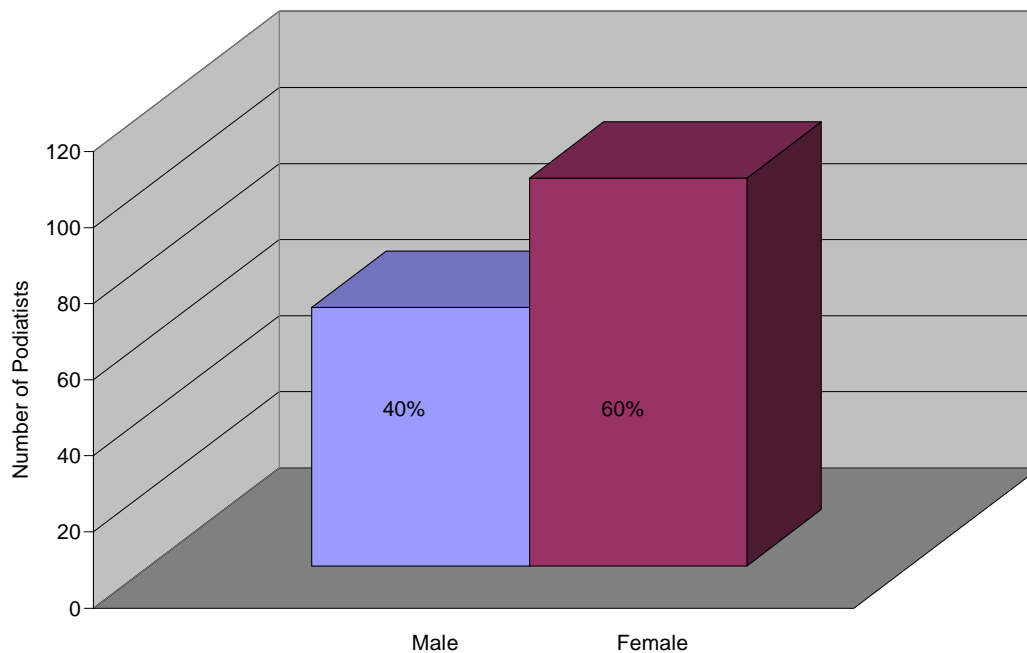


Figure 2a. Figure showing gender distribution for Podiatrists registered in Western Australia for the year 2007. Table 2a- Appendix 1.

Age of Workforce

Respondents were asked to give their year of birth. From that data we see that the trend of more females than males registered to work as a Podiatrist in Western Australia is a recent one. As the figure below indicates, the inequality in gender starts with Podiatrists who are 40 years or younger. The largest inequality in gender is observed in the youngest age group with the greatest cumulative discrepancy being in the 22-25 year old age bracket.

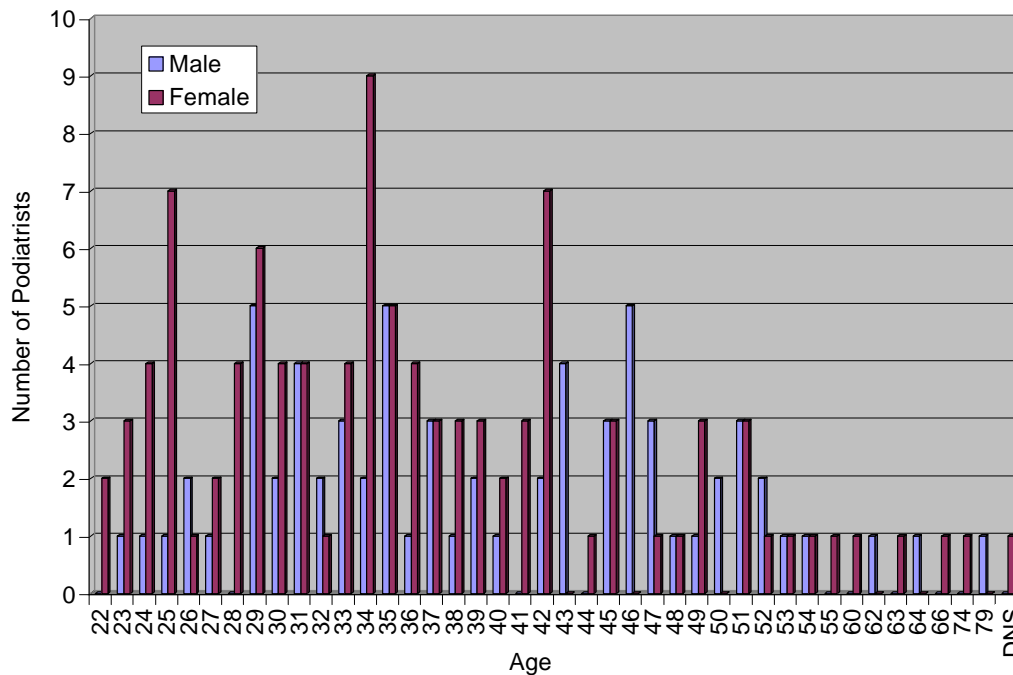


Figure 3a. Figure showing the gender distribution in relation to age for podiatrists registered in Western Australia for the year 2007. Table 3a-Appendix 1.

Note: The code DNS in this figure and every other figure that includes it denotes did not specify. In all cases this is where respondents left the parameter blank.

Country of Birth

Respondents were asked to register what their country of birth was. The data showed that the majority of podiatrists registered to work in Western Australia in 2007 were born in Australia. The rest of the respondents mirrored Australia’s migrant intake (Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2006 census) with the largest contingent coming from Europe and then Asia.

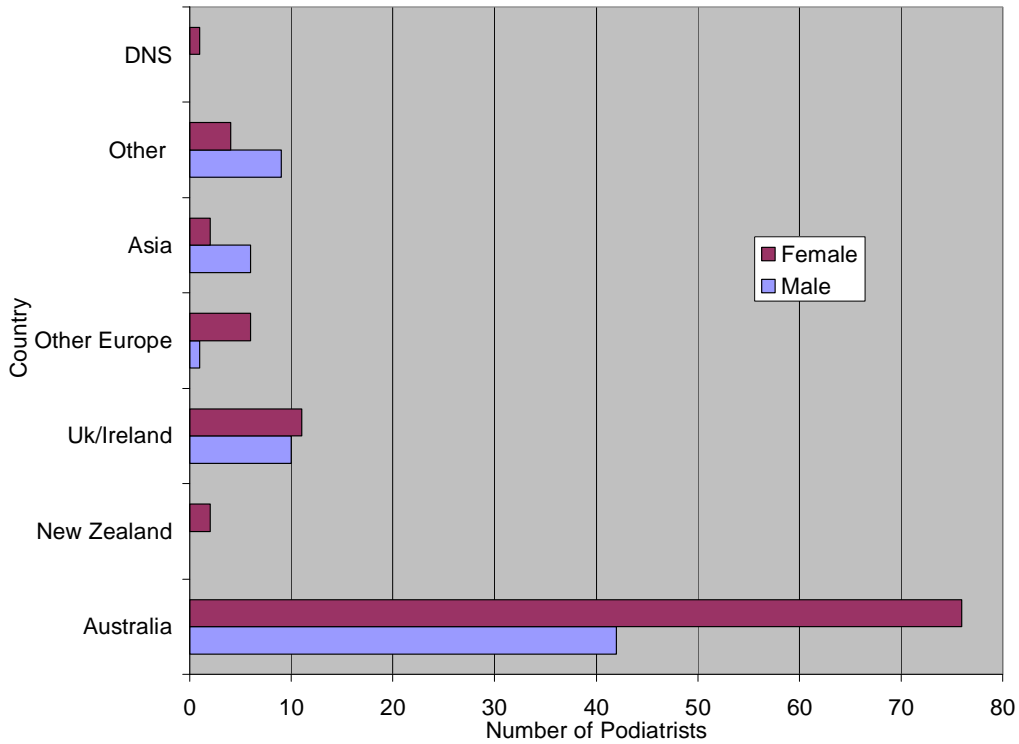


Figure 4a. Figure showing gender distribution and country of birth for podiatrists registered in Western Australia for the year 2007. Table 4a - Appendix 1.

Residency Status

Respondents were asked to note their residency status as well as identify if they were of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander descent. Despite the fact that as figure 4a shows not all of the respondents were born in Australia, table 1 indicates the majority of the responding podiatrists were Australian citizens in 2007. As seen in table 1, of the 170 responses, 157 podiatrists were Australian citizens. Of the remaining 13 respondents, 12 were permanent residents in Australia and only 1 person did not specify as to what their official residency status was in Australia. Only one person identified themselves as being of Aboriginal descent from all of the 170 respondents.

Australian Citizens	157
Not Citizens	13
<hr/>	
Permanent Resident	12
Not Permanent Resident	0
No response	1

Table 1. Table showing citizenship status of people registered in Podiatry for the year 2007

Place of residence

Respondents were asked to give their place of residence as a postcode. As figure 5a below shows, the majority of Podiatrists live within the metro region of Perth and its suburbs. No Podiatrists were reported living in the Pilbara region but this has to be interpreted cautiously since we did not achieve a 100% response rate in our survey (see limitations).

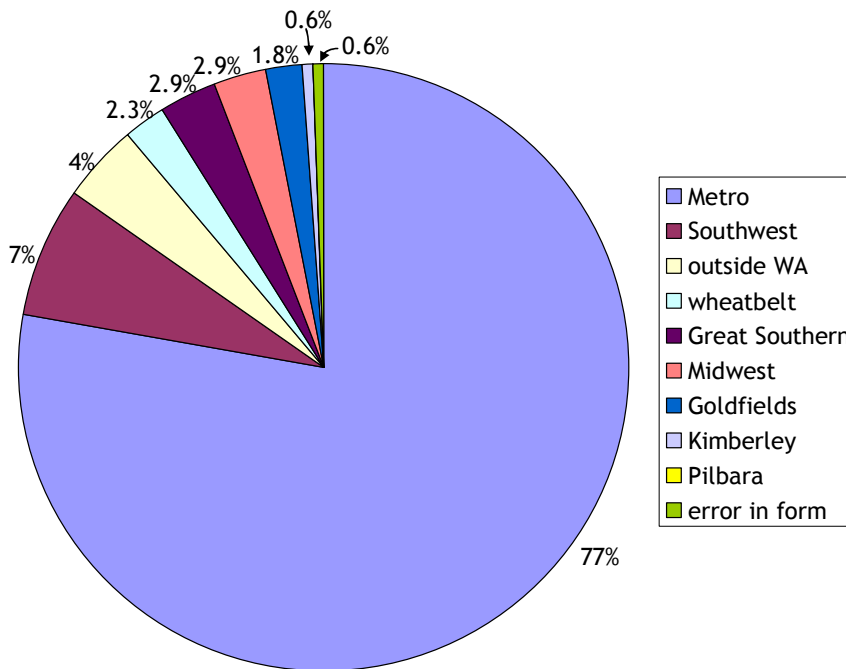


Figure 5a. Figure showing where podiatrists live in Western Australia Table 5a - Appendix 1.

Upon closer examination of the data within the metropolitan region, an interesting pattern emerges. As figure 6a on the next page demonstrates, the majority of Podiatrists within the metropolitan area reside in the northern suburbs or very close to the city centre with very few individuals residing in the southern suburbs of Perth.

Health Issues impacting Occupation

The majority of the podiatrists surveyed in Western Australia reported that they did not suffer from any health issues that impacted on their ability to work in 2007 (Figure 7a). Of those that did report of a health issue that impacted on their ability to work, back and neck pain was the most common complaint. The number of podiatrists suffering from ailments that did not impact on their ability to work was larger (Figure 8a) and the reported ailments listed longer. While the actual number of podiatrists complaining of ailments was not large, it is worth noting that one of the most common complaints seems to be back and neck ailments. Six people complained of back and neck problems that affected their ability to work as a podiatrist (60% of people that had ailments that affected their ability to work) and 2 people complained of back and neck problems that did not affect their ability to work as a podiatrist (12.5% of total ailments reported).

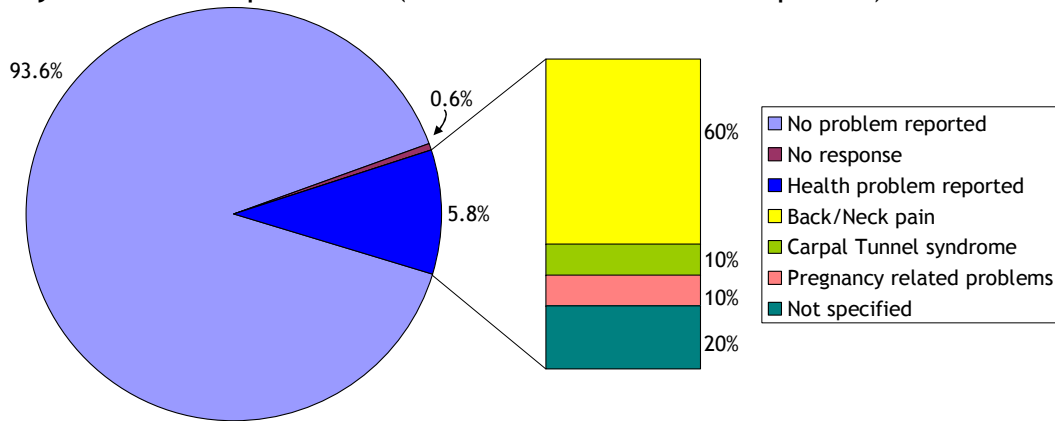


Figure 7a. Figure showing reported health issues that have impacted on the ability of registered podiatrists to work for the year 2007. Table 7a - Appendix 1.

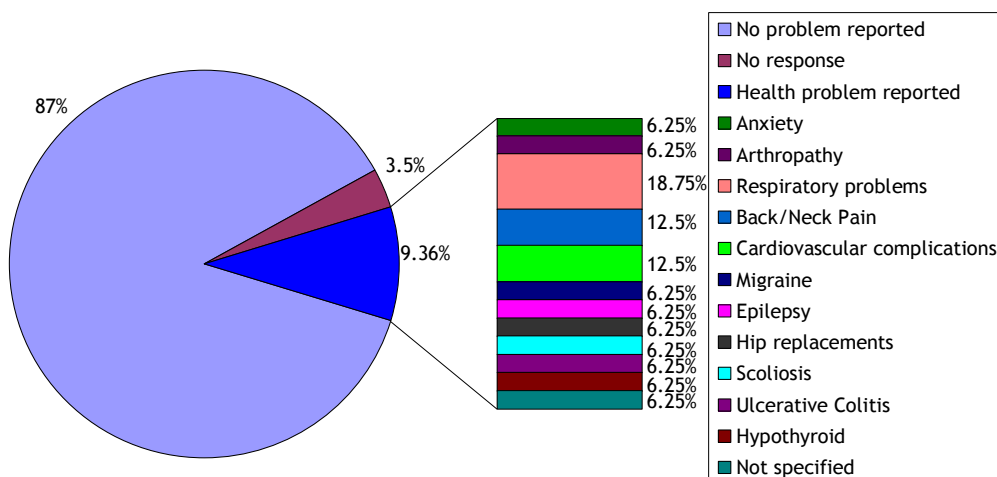


Figure 8a. Figure showing reported health issues that have not impacted on the ability of registered podiatrists to work for the year 2007. Table 8a -Appendix 1.

Section 2

Section 2 of the survey dealt with the registration and qualification details for the occupation of Podiatry in Western Australia.

Registration Details

Respondents were asked to note in which State or Territory they were registered. All 170 respondents noted that they were registered in Western Australia. Of those, 169 respondents had full registration while 1 had student registration.

Qualification levels

Respondents were asked to list all of their qualifications in Podiatry as well as any non-podiatry qualification that they might hold. As the figure below shows, the majority of Podiatrists in Western Australia have a Bachelor degree as their initial degree in Podiatry with a diploma being the second most popular choice as a means of qualifying as a podiatrist.

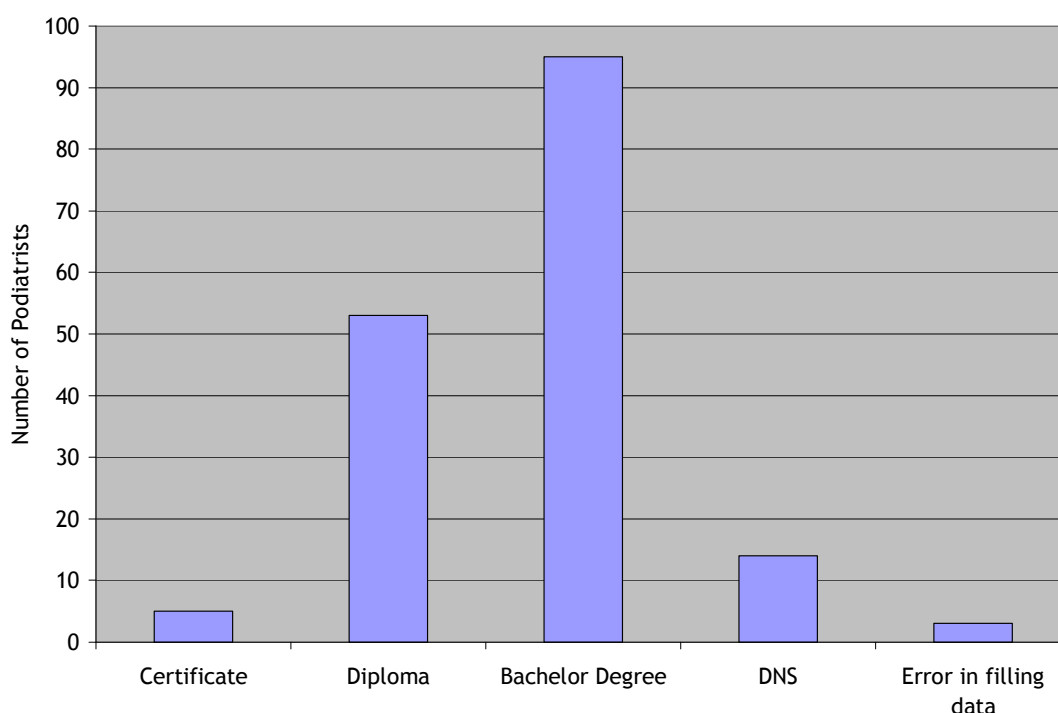


Figure 9a. Figure showing type of initial qualification held by Podiatrists in Western Australia in 2007. Table 9a - Appendix 1.

Respondents were also asked to give the year in which they finished their Podiatry qualification. The graph below shows this data as well as the initial level of qualification in Podiatry for all of the respondents. As the figure shows, the Bachelor degree became the most popular means of qualifying as a podiatrist from 1992 to present. Before 1992, a Diploma was found to be the more common means of obtaining a qualification in Podiatry.

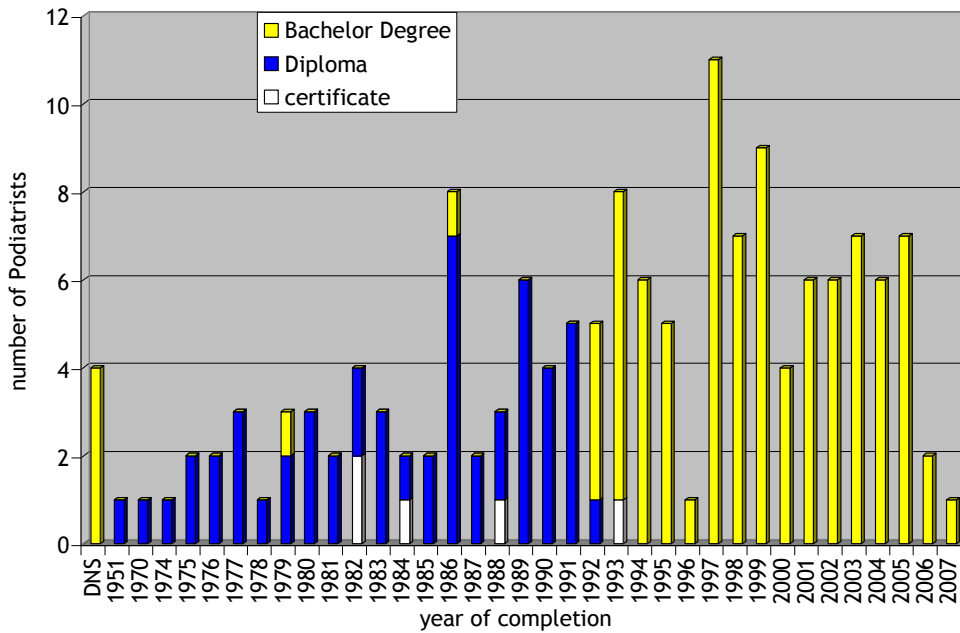


Figure 10a. Figure showing year of completion of initial qualification in Podiatry. Table 10a - Appendix 1

Note: The values in this graph and all others like it are additive and not cumulative, for example in 1982, there are 2 people whom have a certificate and 2 people whom have a diploma not 2 people whom have a certificate and 4 people whom have a diploma.

Respondents to the survey were asked to give the state or country of their qualification. The figure below shows the data collected in graphical format. While the majority of the respondents obtained their degree within Australia (133 out of the 170 respondents), other countries were also noted. 2 Podiatrists obtained their qualification in the USA but their data was not included as they noted that their initial qualification in Podiatry was at a doctoral level.

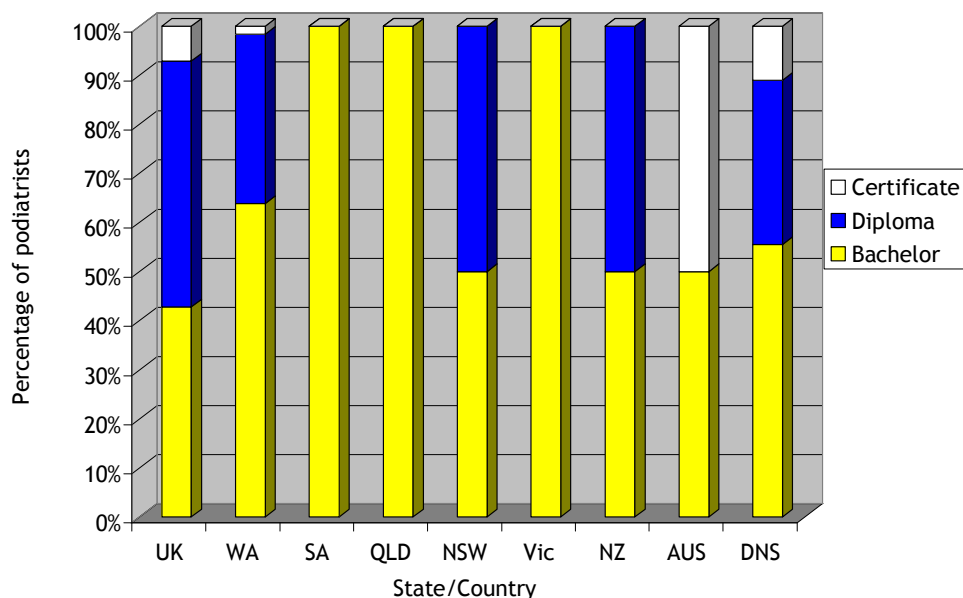


Figure 11a. Figure showing state or country where initial qualification of Podiatry was achieved. Table 11a - Appendix 1

Note: in Figure 11a, UK denotes United Kingdom, WA denotes the state of Western Australia, SA denotes the state of South Australia, QLD denotes the state of Queensland, NSW denotes the state of New South Wales, Vic denotes the state of Victoria, NZ denotes New Zealand, AUS denotes Australia in General and DNS denotes did not specify.

The values in this graph, as well as all those similar to it, are a cumulative percentage of the different criteria for all the people within that parameter, for example of all the people who achieved their qualification in the UK, 40% had a bachelor degree, 50% had a diploma while 10% had a certificate.

Some of the respondents to the survey had more than one qualification in Podiatry. As figure 12a below shows, it didn't matter which level of qualification was initially obtained, many respondents obtained extra qualifications in Podiatry. Interestingly, only 20% of Podiatrists with a bachelor's degree did extra study while 85% of Podiatrists with a certificate as their initial level of entry into Podiatry obtained extra qualifications.

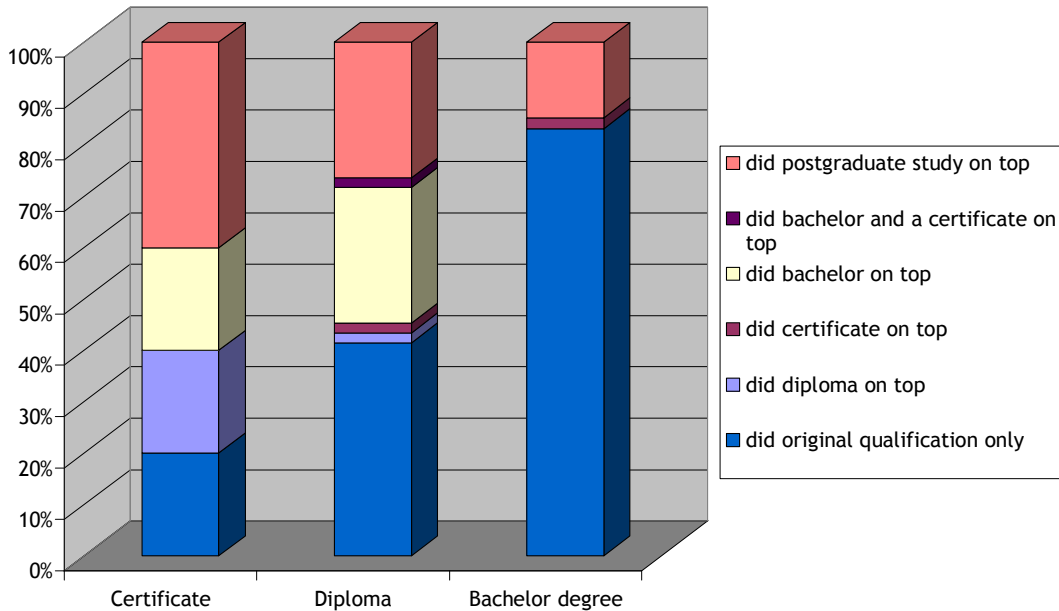


Figure 12a. Figure showing total qualifications in Podiatry. Table 12a - Appendix 1

Postgraduate study in the above figure includes Postgraduate Diploma, Masters and Doctorate. As the table below indicates Postgraduate diploma was most numerous type of postgraduate study. Seven Podiatrists had more than one postgraduate degree with either a Postgraduate diploma and a Masters degree or a Masters degree and a Doctoral degree.

Postgraduate Diploma	28
Masters Degree	7
Doctoral degree	3

Table 2. Table showing breakdown of Postgraduate qualifications in Podiatry

Several respondents hold non-Podiatry qualifications along with their Podiatry qualifications. The following graph shows the number of respondents that hold non-podiatry qualifications compared to their original Podiatry qualification. Interestingly, the majority of the people that have non-Podiatry qualifications state that their initial Podiatry qualification is a Bachelor's degree.

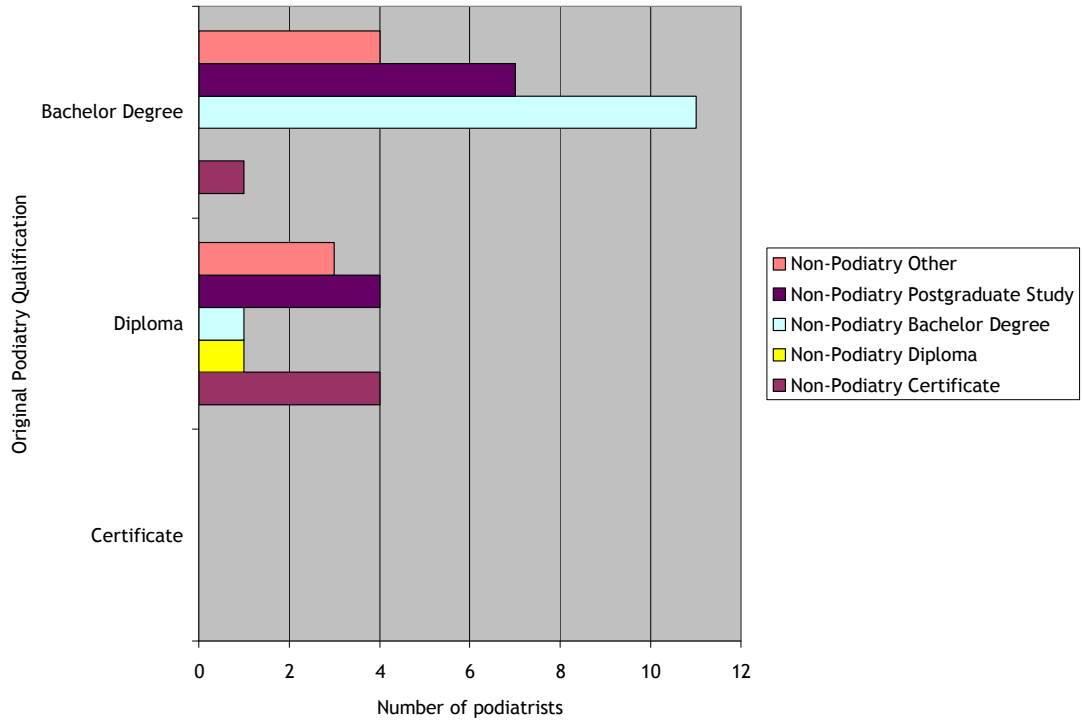


Figure 13a. Figure showing non-Podiatry qualifications held by respondents. Table 13a - Appendix 1

Number of years experience

As figure 14a below indicates, the respondents had varying amounts of years of experience since obtaining their qualification. The figure below shows only those respondents who had only fulltime years of experience or only part time years of experience. 48 respondents had a mixture of fulltime and part-time years of experience. They ranged from 1 year fulltime experience and 1 year part-time experience to 50 years fulltime experience and 8 years part-time experience. More female respondents than male respondents indicated that they worked both fulltime and part-time during their career in Podiatry and this may be indicative of family responsibilities.

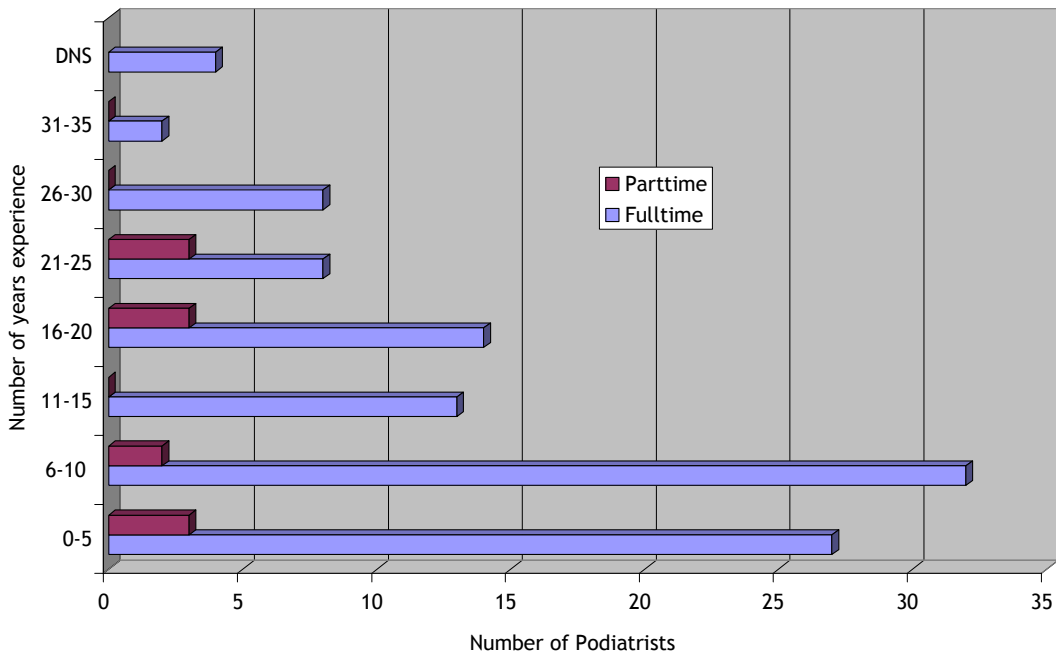


Figure 14a. Figure showing years of practice completed since gaining basic qualification. Table 14a -Appendix 1.

Section 3

Section 3 of the survey dealt with the employment details for the occupation of Podiatry in Western Australia.

Working in Podiatry

The survey asked to state the respondents work status in the week preceding the survey. The majority of the Podiatrists registered to work in Western Australia work only in Western Australia but there are a few that also currently work elsewhere. It is not known whether the Podiatrists that work outside of Western Australia originally worked within the State but have since moved but kept their registration ongoing.

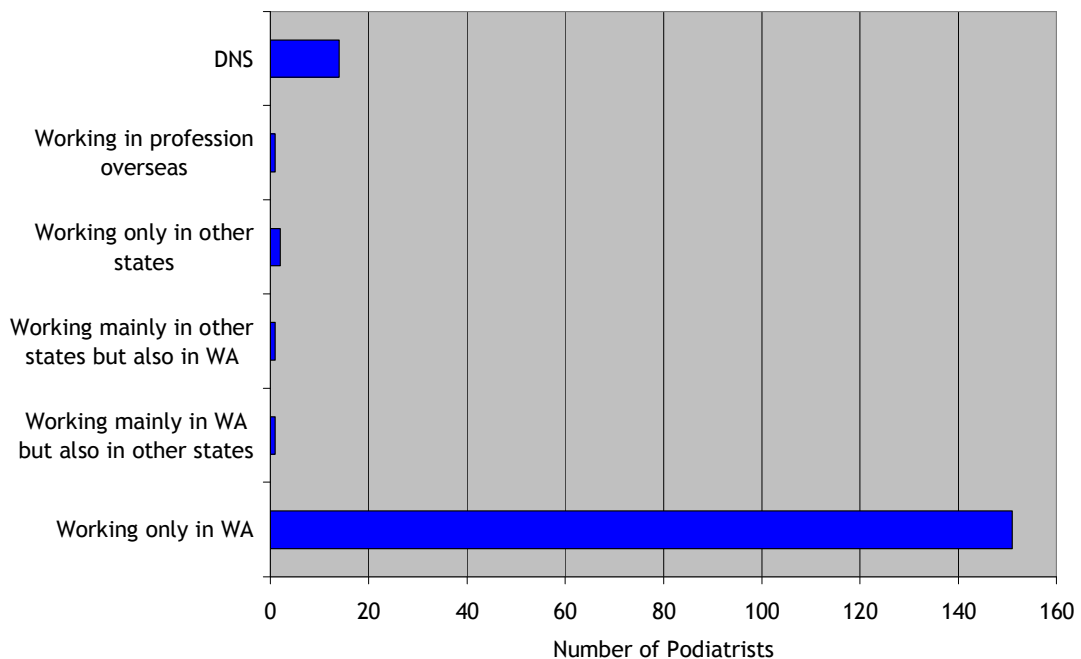


Figure 15a. Figure describing the work status of Podiatrists registered in Western Australia in 2007. Table 15a - Appendix 1.

Respondents were asked to ascertain whether or not they were currently working in Podiatry and what the reasons for not working are. As figure 16a below shows, the majority of respondents are currently working in Podiatry.

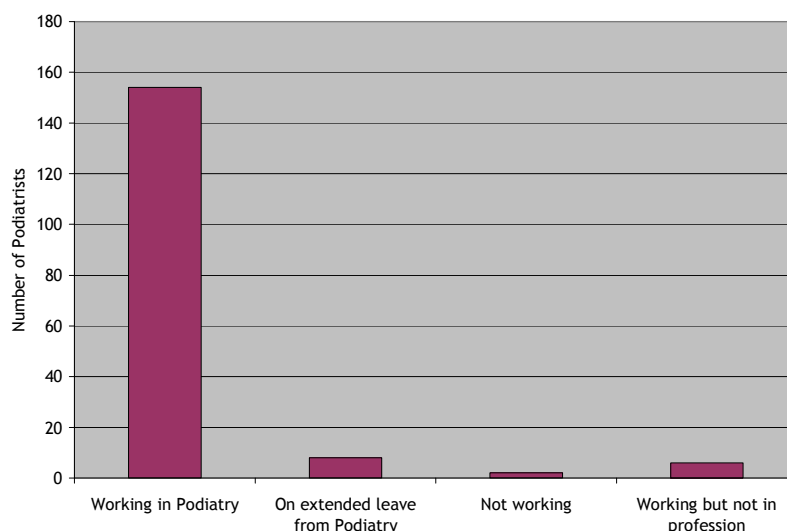


Figure 16a. Graph showing current work status of Podiatrists registered to work in Western Australia. Table 16a - Appendix 1.

A few of the respondents are currently not working in Podiatry and as the figure 17a below shows, the reasons listed for not working are varied. A change in career was listed most often as the main reason for not working in Podiatry (4 respondents) while family responsibility is the second most listed reason (3 respondents).

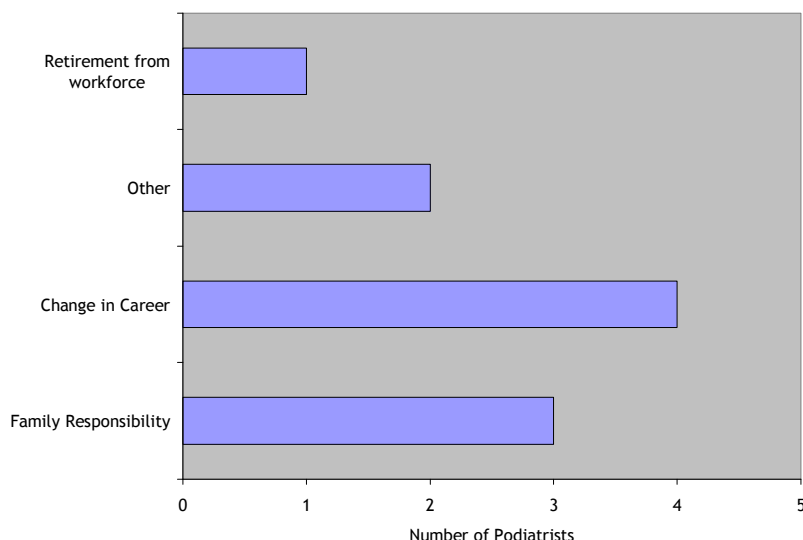


Figure 17a. Graph showing the reasons listed for not currently working in Podiatry. Table 17a- Appendix 1.

Of the 10 respondents that stated they were currently not working in Podiatry within Western Australia, 7 listed that they were planning to re-enter the Podiatry Workforce. All of them stated that they were willing to return before the next 5 years.

Work Responsibilities

Respondents were asked to list the amount of hours spent doing different responsibilities in the work week preceding the survey.

As figure 18a below indicates, the majority of time in a Podiatrist' work week is spent in the clinic with administration and management as the work responsibility taking up the second most amount of time.

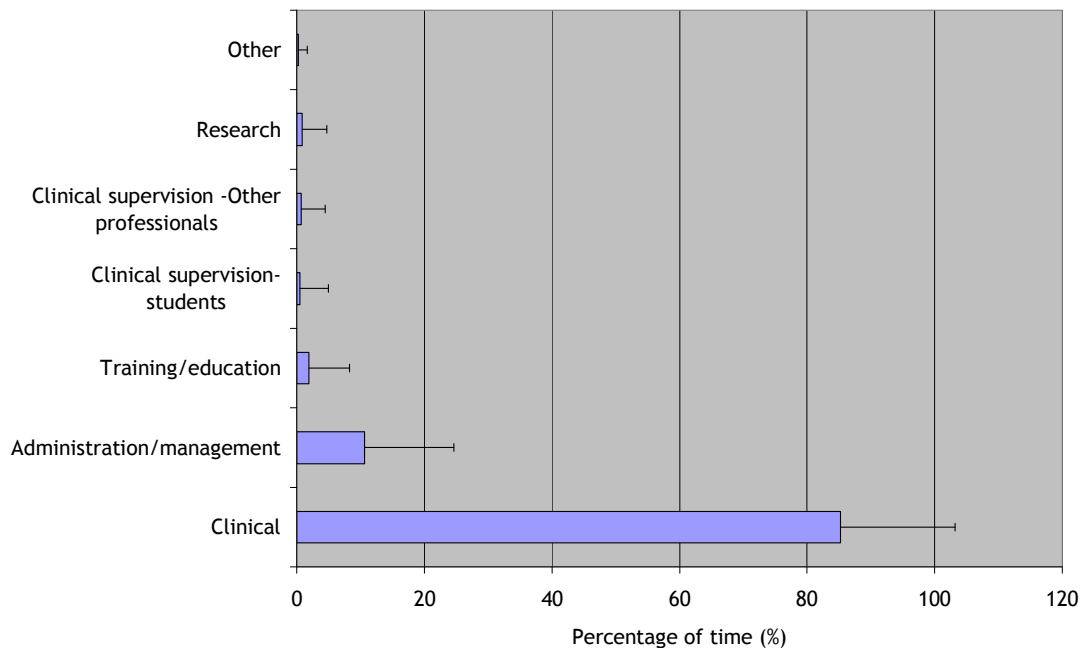


Figure 18a. Figure showing the percentage of time spent in different work responsibilities in the week prior to the survey. Table 18a - Appendix 1.

The values shown in the figure above are mean plus standard deviation. As the 170 respondents all had different amounts of hours spent doing the various work responsibilities it was decided to display each criteria as a percentage of the whole work week. The values were averaged for all 170 respondents and the standard deviation calculated.

Place of work

Respondents were asked to list where they had worked and the amount of time spent at each sector in the week preceding the survey.

Figure 19a below indicates that the majority of Podiatrists work solely in privately run facilities and that only about 10% of respondents (18 Podiatrists) work solely in public operated facilities. This is consistent with ABS data from the 1996, 2001 and 2006 census which indicates that 10-16% of Podiatrists work in the Government sector while 84-90% work in the Private sector.

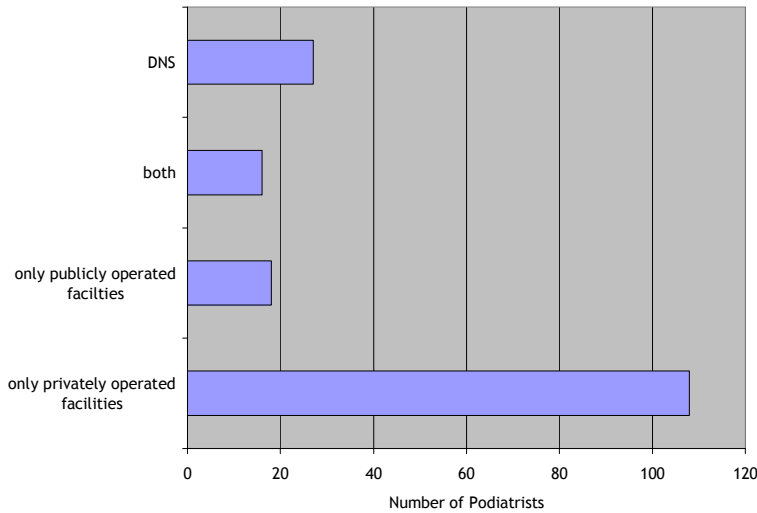


Figure 19a. Figure showing where Podiatrists registered in Western Australia work. Table 19a - Appendix 1.

As figure 20a below indicates, Podiatrists who are working solely in the private sector spend the majority of their time in private practice although some do also spend their time at other facilities for example at privately run nursing homes and community health services.

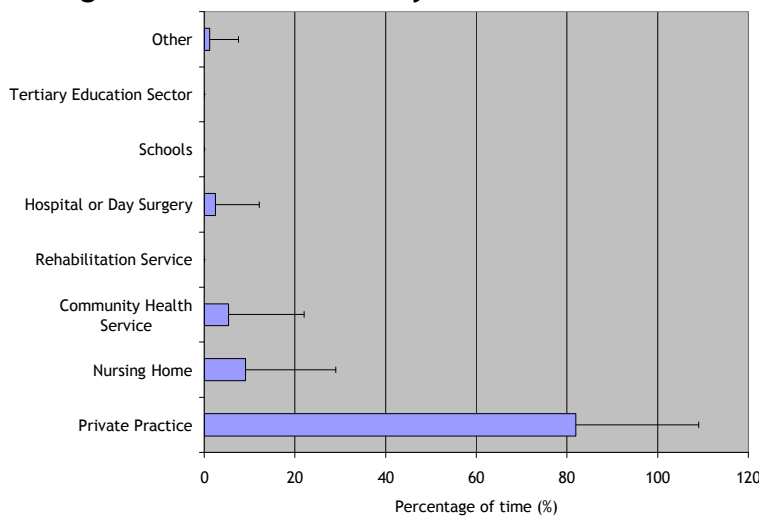


Figure 20a. Percentage of time working in different facilities in one week by podiatrists working solely in privately operated facilities. Values are mean plus standard deviation. Table 20a - Appendix 1.

Those Podiatrists that work solely in public run facilities do not tend to work primarily in the one facility. As the figure below indicates Podiatrists that work only in public run facilities spread their time evenly over in hospitals, community health services and government facilities.

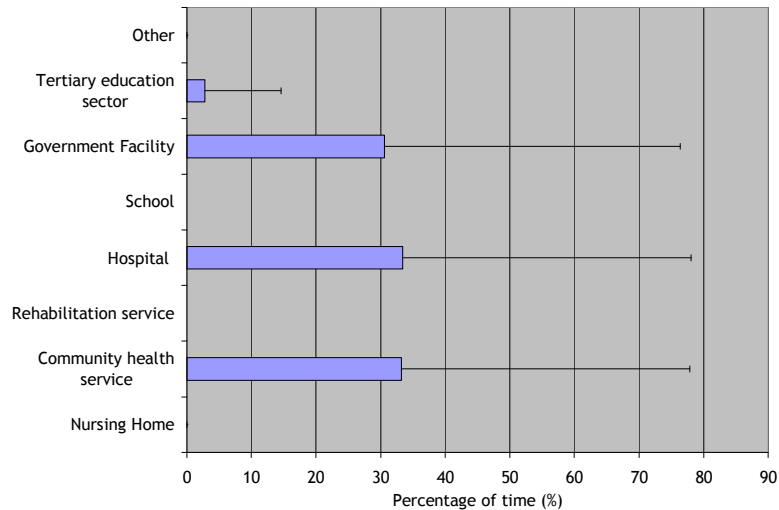


Figure 21a. Percentage of time working in different facilities in one week by podiatrists working solely in publicly operated facilities. Values shown are means plus standard deviation. Table 21a - Appendix 1.

Of the Podiatrists that work both in a privately run and a publicly run facility, the majority of their time is spent in private practice with varying amounts of time spent in other facilities.

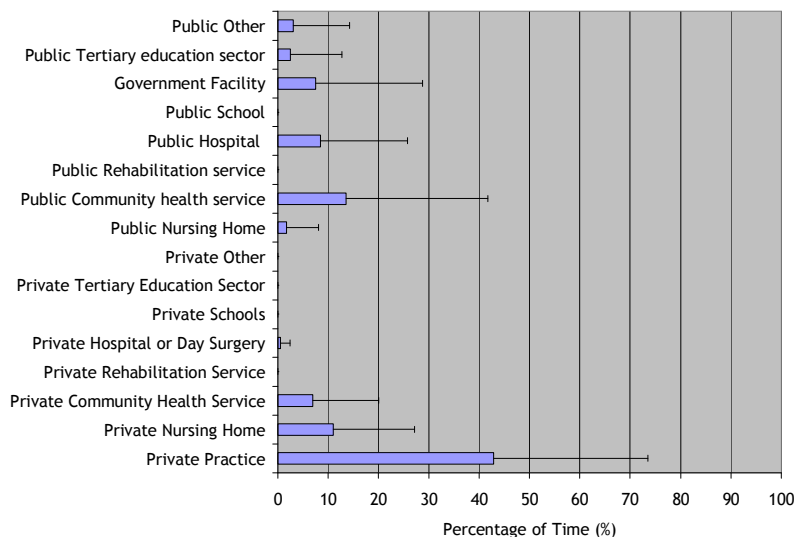


Figure 22a. Percentage of time working in different facilities in one week for podiatrists working in both public and private run facilities. Table 22a - Appendix 1.

Not only were the respondents asked to list whether they worked in a privately run or publicly run facility, the Podiatrists surveyed were also asked to note down the post code of their place of work.

As the figure below indicates, the majority of Podiatrists in Western Australia work in the metro area. Not surprisingly the figure below is very similar to Figure 5a which specifies the residential distribution of the respondents.

Unfortunately, a large proportion of respondents (15%) did not specify where they worked.

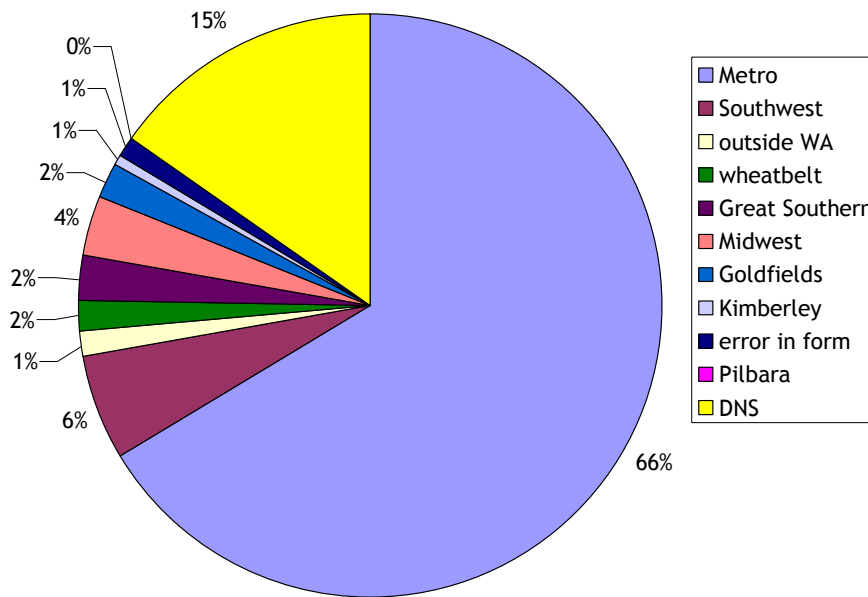


Figure 23a. Place of main practice for Podiatrists registered in Western Australia. Table 23a - Appendix 1.

Figure 24a on the next page shows where the Podiatrist practices are located in the metropolitan region of Perth, Western Australia.

As the figure suggests, a large gap in podiatry practices is evident in the southern suburbs of the metropolitan region of Perth.

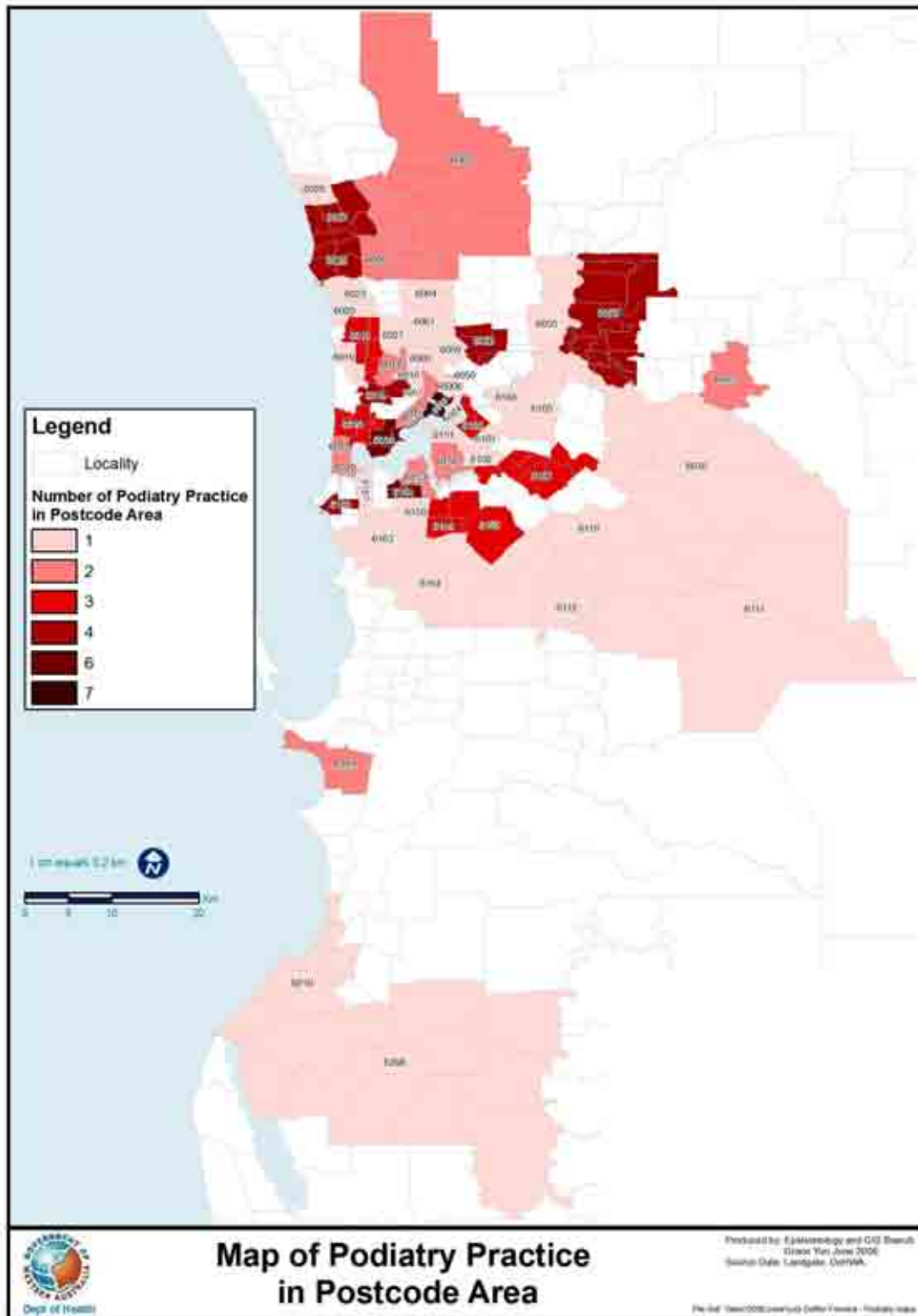


Figure 24a. Map of Podiatry practice by postcode in metropolitan area. Table 24a -Appendix 1.

Figure 25a below shows the number of places of employment held by the respondents to the survey.

Roughly 46 % of Podiatrists that work in the metropolitan region tend to only have one work place of employment while approximately 54% tend to have either two or three places of employment.

Podiatrists that work in the smaller regions, for example the Southwest and the Wheatbelt regions tend to have more than one place of employment while those that work in the larger regions for example the Goldfields and the Kimberley regions only have one place of employment. This could be an indication of the population in these areas or the distances involved in driving between places of any significant population.

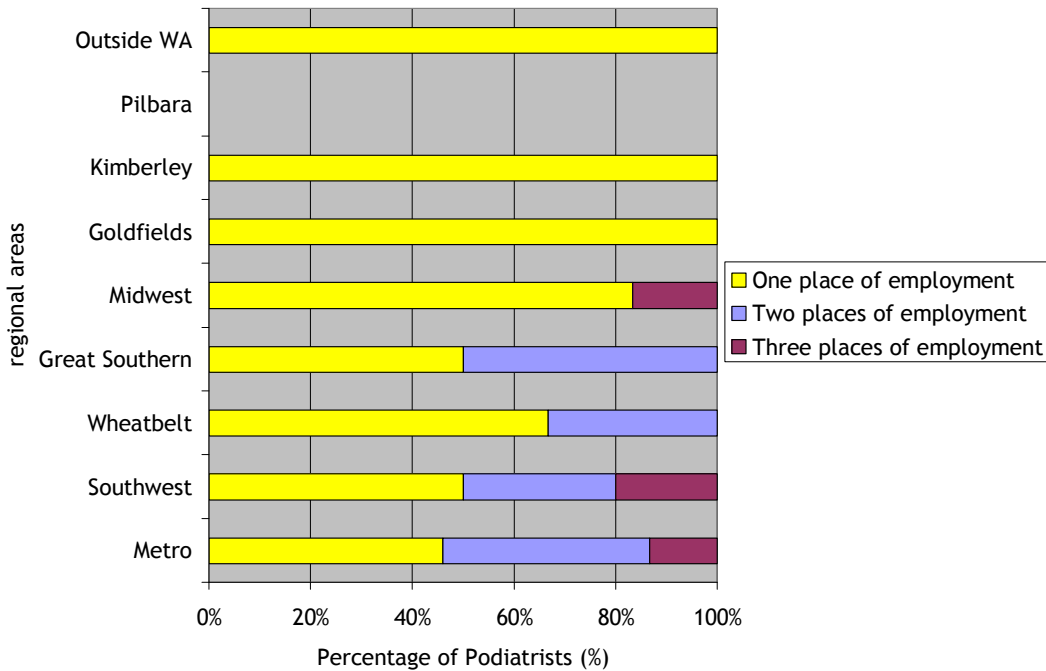


Figure 25a. Graph showing percentage of Podiatrists with number of places of employment. Table 25a- Appendix 1.

Work week

The respondents were asked to answer how many hours they worked in the week previous to the survey.

As the figure below suggests the majority of Podiatrists spend between 36 to 40 hours a week doing paid work.

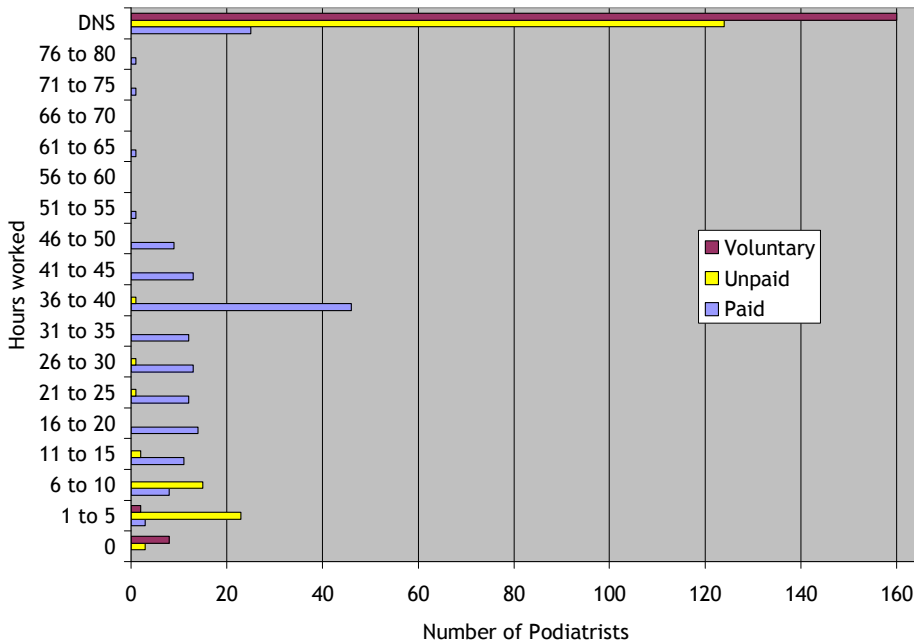


Figure 26a. Graph showing how many hours worked in the week previous to survey. Table 26a - Appendix 1.

As figure 27a below indicates, most of the podiatrists that responded did not participate in research in the week preceding the survey. When research was conducted it tended to be more unpaid work rather than paid.

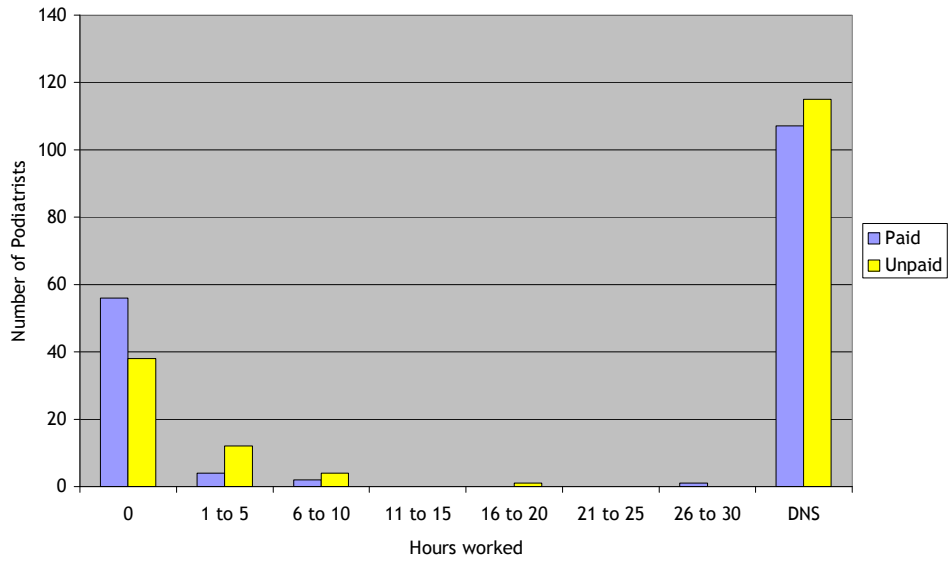


Figure 27a. Graph showing how many hours spent conducting research in the week preceding the survey. Table 27a - Appendix 1.

Figure 28a below shows how the Podiatrist surveyed would like to change the amount of paid and unpaid hours doing research. Whilst the majority of those surveyed did not comment on the question, of those that did the majority would prefer to have more hours of paid research. Some of the respondents responded with more than one choice. 19 of these respondents preferred to have the number of paid and unpaid hours conducting research to stay exactly the same.

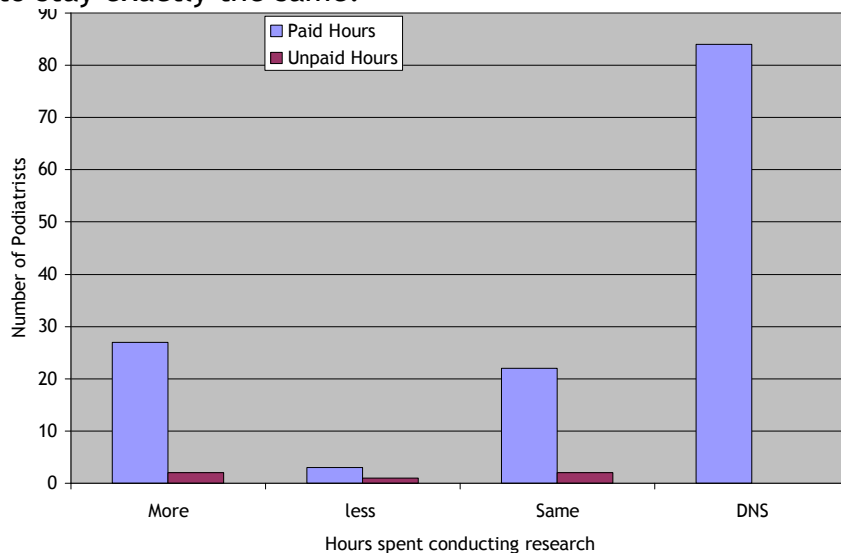


Figure 28a. Graph showing if and how Podiatrists surveyed would like to change hours spent conducting research. Table 28a - Appendix 1

Figure 29a below shows the number of hours spent on professional development and as it suggests the majority of time spent conducting professional development is unpaid.

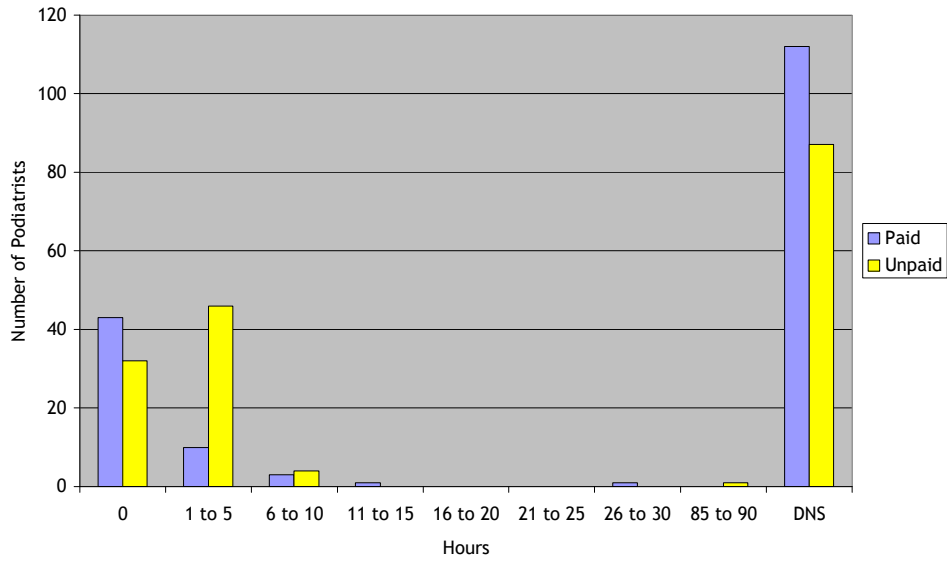


Figure 29a. Graph showing how many hours spent conducting professional development in the week previous to survey. Table 29a-Appendix 1.

Figure 30a below shows how the Podiatrist surveyed would like to change the amount of paid and unpaid hours doing professional development. The majority of those surveyed preferred to have more hours of paid time doing professional development. Some of the respondents responded with more than one choice. 10 of these respondents preferred to have the number of paid and unpaid hours doing professional development to stay exactly the same.

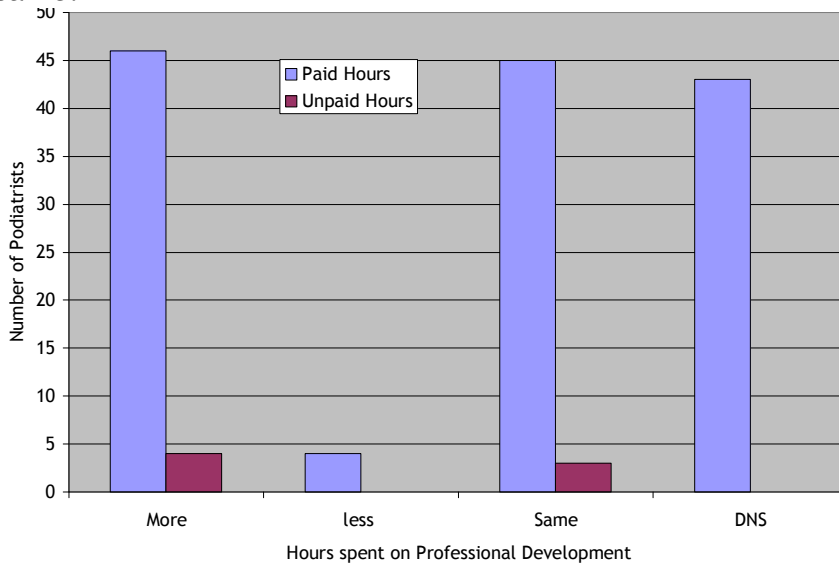


Figure 30a. Graph showing if and how Podiatrists surveyed would like to change hours spent conducting research. Table 30a - Appendix 1

Continued Education

The survey asked whether the respondents had undertaken any continuing education in the 12 months preceding the survey. As the figure below indicates the majority of the podiatrists surveyed continued their education in the 12 months preceding the survey.

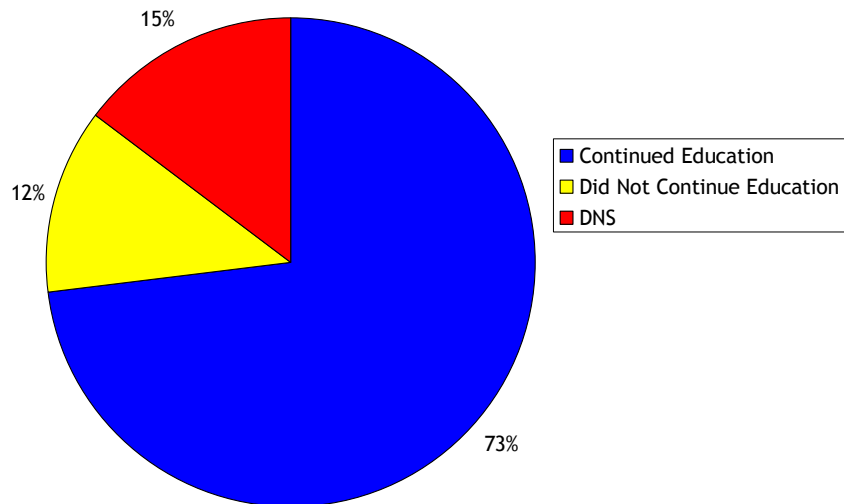


Figure 31a. Graph showing number of Podiatrist that continued their education in the year previous to the survey. Table 30a - Appendix 1.

Perceived years left in the field of Podiatry

The podiatrists surveyed were asked to comment on how many years they perceived that they would remain in the occupation of podiatry. As figure 32a below indicates, it is not only those nearing retirement age that are thinking of leaving the occupation. A high proportion of young podiatrists are thinking of leaving the occupation in the next 10 years.

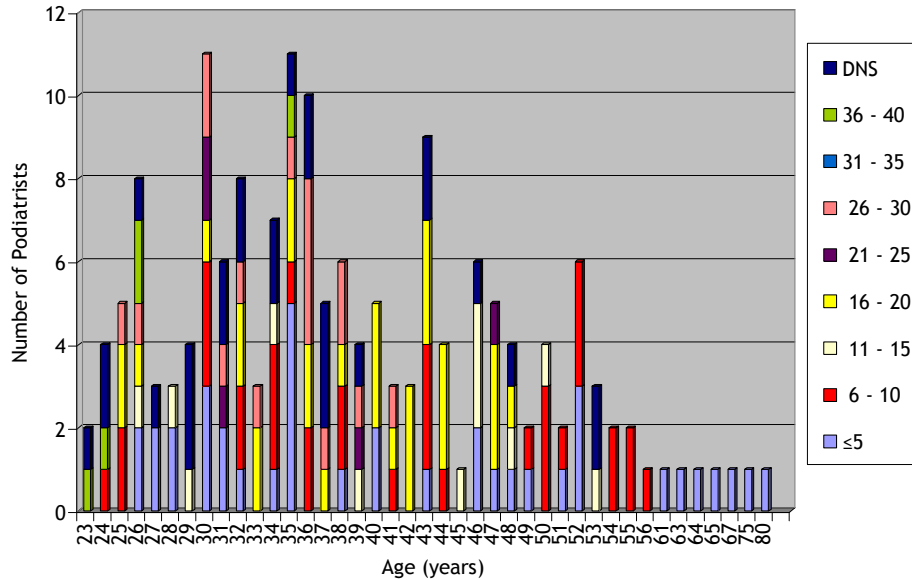


Figure 32a. Graph showing perceived number of years left working in podiatry as a relation to age. Table 32a - Appendix 1.

As figure 33a below suggests, some of the country regions for example, the Goldfields, the Midwest and the Wheatbelt regions, will potentially be short of podiatrists in 5 years as a large proportion of the registered podiatrists will leave the occupation.

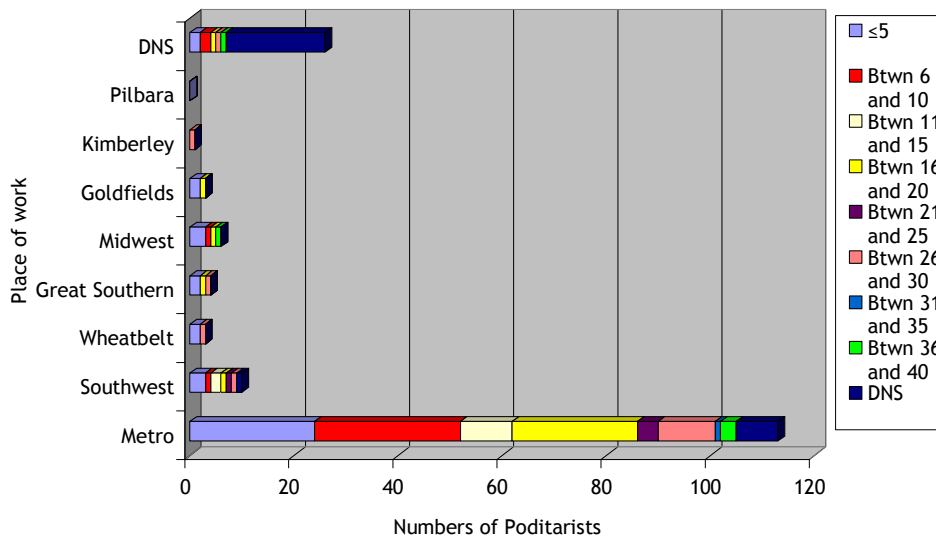


Figure 33a. Graph showing perceived number of years left in working in Podiatry as a relation to workplace. Table 33a - Appendix 1.

Reason for Leaving

Podiatrists were asked to comment on the perceived reason for them leaving the profession. As figure 34a below shows, the reasons given for leaving Podiatry are varied, with retirement being the main reason why the podiatrists surveyed would leave the occupation. The second most popular reason is career change.

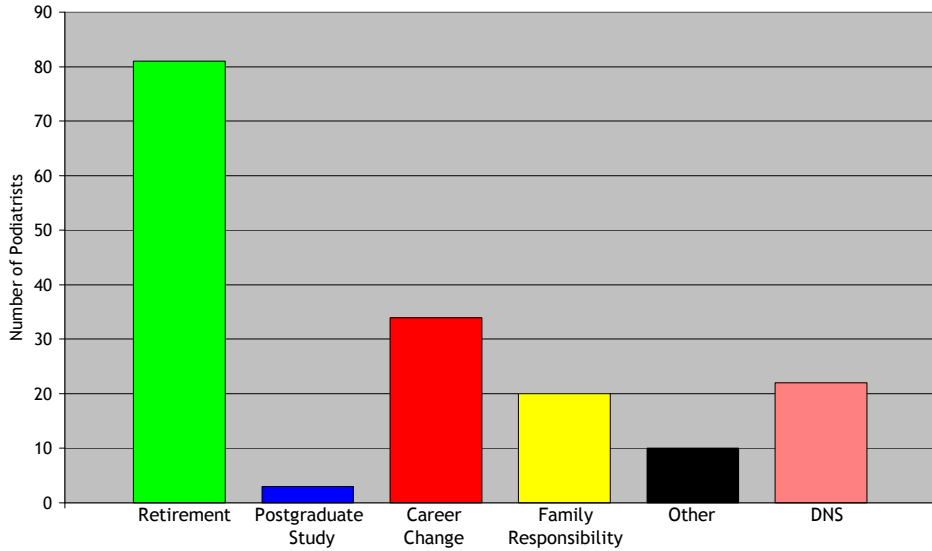


Figure 34a. Likely reason for leaving Podiatry. Table 34a - Appendix 1.

Figure 35a compares the reason for leaving to the number of years of experience in Podiatry. Many of the Podiatrists with less than 10 years of experience are contemplating leaving Podiatry. Surprisingly, this is due to a change in career rather than family responsibility.

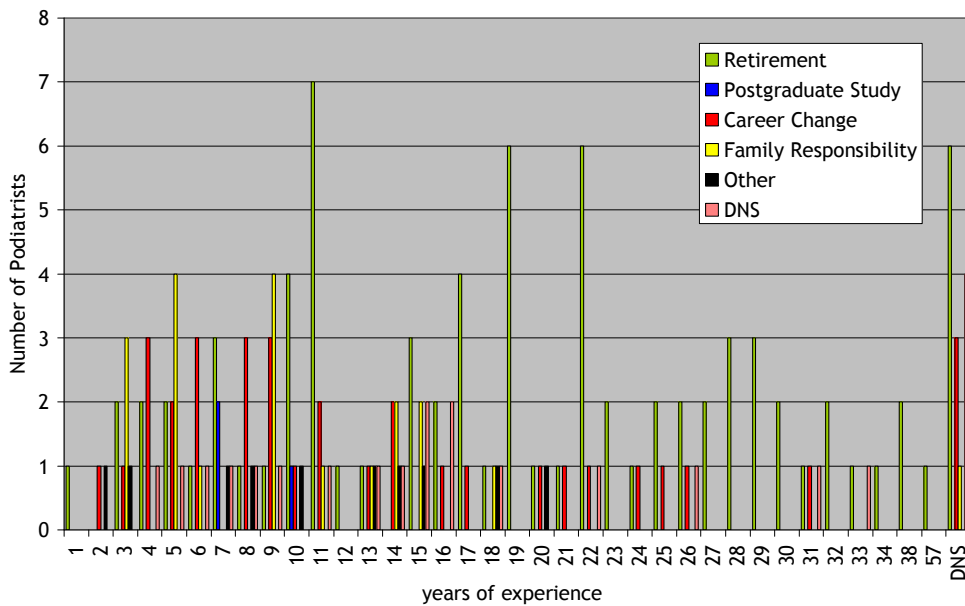


Figure 35a. Graph showing likely reason for leaving Podiatry as a relation of years of experience in Podiatry. Table 35a- Appendix 1.

As the figure below suggests the majority of podiatrists that indicated that a change in career is their likely reason to leave podiatry will do so in less than 10 years.

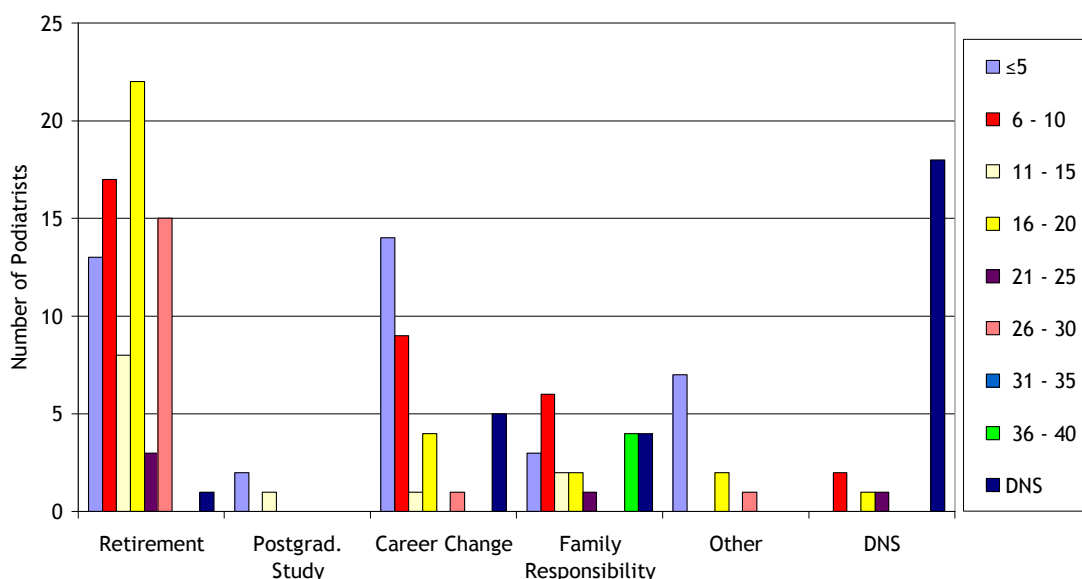


Figure 36a. Graph showing likely reason for leaving Podiatry as a relation of perceived number of years left in Podiatry. Table 36a - Appendix 1.

Limitations

While the data and information shown in the report is correct as reported, it must be taken into consideration that only 59% of the current registered podiatrists returned the survey. As such it is possible that the conclusions drawn from the available data might be inaccurate and as such the data should be interpreted with caution, for example, a large proportion of the respondents did not specify where they lived or worked and left some of the questions blank which could skew the data and cause inaccurate conclusions about where podiatrists are needed.

Appendix 1

Data Tables

Demographical Information

Year	Number
1996	149
1997	
1998	
1999	
2000	
2001	183
2002	
2003	
2004	
2005	
2006	248

Table 1a. Table showing number of people in Western Australia who put Podiatry as occupation in 1996, 2001 and 2006 census

Male	68
Female	102

Table 2a. Table showing gender distribution of Respondents to survey.

Age	Male	Female
22	0	2
23	1	3
24	1	4
25	1	7
26	2	1
27	1	2
28	0	4
29	5	6
30	2	4
31	4	4
32	2	1
33	3	4
34	2	9
35	5	5
36	1	4
37	3	3
38	1	3
39	2	3

40	1	2
41	0	3
42	2	7
43	4	0
44	0	1
45	3	3
46	5	0
47	3	1
48	1	1
49	1	3
50	2	0
51	3	3
52	2	1
53	1	1
54	1	1
55	0	1
60	0	1
62	1	0
63	0	1
64	1	0
66	0	1
74	0	1
79	1	0
DNS	0	1

Table 3a. Table showing gender and age distribution for the respondents to the survey.

	Male	Female
Australia	42	76
New Zealand	0	2
Uk/Ireland	10	11
Other Europe	1	6
Asia	6	2
Other	9	4
Did Not Specify	0	1

Table 4a. Table showing gender distribution and country of birth for the respondents to survey

Place of Residence	
Metro	132
Southwest	12
outside WA	7
wheatbelt	4
Great Southern	5
Midwest	5
Goldfields	3
Kimberley	1
Pilbara	0
error in form	1

Table 5a. Table showing area of residence for the respondents to the survey

Postcode	Number
6004	4
6005	1
6006	2
6008	1
6010	2
6011	1
6014	2
6015	1
6016	4
6018	5
6019	2
6020	3
6023	3
6025	5
6026	2
6027	3
6028	2
6029	1
6031	1
6050	1
6051	4
6052	2
6055	1
6056	2
6059	5
6060	3
6062	1
6065	1
6066	1
6070	1
6073	1

6084	1
6100	3
6101	4
6102	1
6104	1
6107	1
6108	1
6110	1
6111	1
6112	3
6148	1
6149	3
6150	1
6151	4
6152	5
6153	5
6154	1
6155	2
6156	2
6157	4
6158	3
6159	1
6160	2
6162	3
6163	3
6164	3
6168	1
6169	2
6210	1

Table 6a. Table showing area of residence by postcode in the metropolitan area only for the respondents to the survey

No Problem reported	159	
No response	1	
Problem reported	10	
	Back/neck Pain	6
	Carpal tunnel Syndrome	1
	Pregnancy related	1
	Not specified	2

Table 7a. Table showing health issues that affect ability to work in respondents.

No problem reported	149	
No response	6	
Problem reported	16	
	Anxiety	1
	Arthropathy	1
	Respiratory problems	3
	Back/Neck Pain	2
	Cardiovascular complications	2
	Migraine	1
	Epilepsy	1
	Hip replacements	1
	Scoliosis	1
	Ulcerative Colitis	1
	Hypothyroid	1
	Not specified	1

Table 8a. Table showing health issues that did not affect ability to work in respondents

Qualification	Number
Certificate	5
Diploma	53
Bachelor Degree	95
Did not specify	14
Error in filling data	3

Table 9a. Table showing Podiatry qualification of the respondents

Yr of completion	Certificate	Diploma	Bachelor Degree	Did not specify
did not specify	0	0	4	18
1951	0	1	0	0
1970	0	1	0	1
1974	0	1	0	0
1975	0	2	0	0
1976	0	2	0	0
1977	0	3	0	0
1978	0	1	0	0
1979	0	2	1	0
1980	0	3	0	0
1981	0	2	0	0
1982	2	2	0	0
1983	0	3	0	0
1984	1	1	0	0
1985	0	2	0	0
1986	0	7	1	0
1987	0	2	0	0
1988	1	2	0	0
1989	0	6	0	0
1990	0	4	0	0
1991	0	5	0	0
1992	0	1	4	0
1993	1	0	7	0
1994	0	0	6	0
1995	0	0	5	0
1996	0	0	1	0
1997	0	0	11	0
1998	0	0	7	0
1999	0	0	9	0
2000	0	0	4	1
2001	0	0	6	0
2002	0	0	6	0
2003	0	0	7	0
2004	0	0	6	0
2005	0	0	7	0
2006	0	0	2	0
2007	0	0	1	0

Table 10a. Table showing year of completion of podiatry qualification for the respondents.

	UK	WA	SA	QLD	NSW	Vic	NZ	AUS	Did not specify
Certificate	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Diploma	7	41	0	0	1	0	1	0	3
Bachelor	6	76	2	2	1	1	1	1	5

Table 11a. Table showing place of Podiatry qualification of respondents.

	Certificate	Diploma	Bachelor degree
did diploma on top	1	1	0
did certificate on top		1	2
did bachelor on top	1	14	0
did bachelor and a certificate on top	0	1	0
did postgraduate study on top	2	14	14
did original qualification only	1	22	79

Table 12a. Table showing second and third podiatry qualifications held by respondents in relation to their first degree.

Initial Podiatry Qualification	Non-Podiatry certificate	Non-Podiatry diploma	Non-Podiatry Bachelor degree	Non-Podiatry Postgraduate study	Other
Certificate	0	0	0	0	0
Diploma	4	1	1	4	3
Bachelor Degree	1	0	11	7	4

Table 13a. Table showing non-podiatry qualifications held by respondents in relation to original Podiatry qualification

Number of years	Fulltime	Part-time
0-5	27	3
6-10	32	2
11-15	13	0
16-20	14	3
21-25	8	3
26-30	8	0
31-35	2	0
DNS	4	

Table 14a. Table showing number of years of fulltime and part-time experience gathered by respondents since qualification.

Work Status	Number
Working only in WA	151
Working mainly in WA but also in other states	1
Working mainly in other states but also in WA	1
Working only in other states	2
Working in profession overseas	1
Did not specify	14

Table 15a. Table showing work status of respondents in 2007.

Work Status	Number
Working in Podiatry	154
On extended leave from Podiatry	8
Not working	2
Working but not in profession	6

Table 16a. Table showing current work status of respondents in 2007.

Reason	Number
Family Responsibility	3
Change in Career	4
Other	2
Retirement from workforce	1

Table 17a. Table showing reason for not working for respondents in 2007.

	Mean	Std deviation
Clinical	85.26	17.96
Administration/management	10.64	14.01
Training/education	1.90	6.40
Clinical supervision- students	0.51	4.40
Clinical supervision -Other professionals	0.64	3.82
Research	0.83	3.84
Other	0.22	1.39

Table 18a. Table showing amount of time spent doing various responsibilities in the week preceding the survey.

Place of Work	Number
Only privately operated facilities	108
Only publicly operated facilities	18
Both	16
Did not Specify	27

Table 19a. Table showing where respondents worked in 2007.

	Mean	Std deviation
Private Practice	81.99	27.11
Nursing Home	9.07	20.01
Community Health Service	5.32	16.76
Rehabilitation Service	0	0
Hospital or Day Surgery	2.45	9.75
Schools	0	0
Tertiary Education Sector	0	0
Other	1.17	6.37

Table 20a. Table showing Percentage of time working in different facilities in one week by podiatrists working solely in privately operated facilities

	Mean	Std deviation
Nursing Home	0	0
Community health service	33.25	44.55
Rehabilitation service		
Hospital	33.42	44.62
School		
Government Facility	30.56	45.82
Tertiary education sector	2.78	11.79
Other	0	0

Table 21a. Table showing Percentage of time working in different facilities in one week by podiatrists working solely in publicly operated facilities

	Mean	Standard Deviation
Private Practice	42.82	30.62
Private Nursing Home	11.03	16.14
Private Community Health Service	6.94	13.10
Private Rehabilitation Service	0	0
Private Hospital or Day Surgery	0.48	1.92
Private Schools	0	0
Private Tertiary Education Sector	0	0
Private Other	0	0
Public Nursing Home	1.68	6.46
Public Community health service	13.58	28.14
Public Rehabilitation service	0	0
Public Hospital	8.42	17.36
Public School	0	0
Government Facility	7.55	21.18
Public Tertiary education sector	2.5	10.21
Public Other	3.05	11.22

Table 22a. Table showing percentage of time working in different facilities in one week for podiatrists working in both public and privately-run facilities.

Location	Number
Metro	113
Southwest	10
outside WA	2
wheatbelt	3
Great Southern	4
Midwest	6
Goldfields	3
Kimberley	1
error in form	2
Pilbara	0
Did Not specify	26

Table 23a. Table showing place of main practice for Podiatrists registered in Western Australia.

Postcode	Number
6000	7
6004	1
6005	2
6006	2
6007	1
6009	6
6010	3
6011	2
6012	2
6014	4
6016	1
6017	2
6018	3
6019	1
6020	1
6021	1
6023	1
6025	4
6026	2
6027	4
6028	1
6050	1
6055	1
6056	4
6059	1
6060	1
6061	1
6062	4
6064	1
6065	2
6073	2
6076	1
6099	1
6100	3
6101	1
6102	1
6104	1
6105	1
6107	3
6110	1
6111	1
6112	1
6149	3
6150	1
6151	1
6152	2

6153	2
6154	6
6155	3
6157	1
6160	4
6163	1
6164	1
6169	2
6208	1
6210	1
6985	1

Table 24a. Table showing area of practice by postcode in the metropolitan area only for the respondents to the survey

	Main	Second	Third
Metro	113	61	15
Southwest	10	5	2
outside WA	2	0	0
wheatbelt	3	1	0
Great Southern	4	2	0
Midwest	6	1	1
Goldfields	3	0	0
Kimberley	1	0	0
error in form	2	3	0
Pilbara	0	0	0
Did Not specify	26	97	152

Table 25a. Table showing number of Podiatrists with one, two or three places of employment.

Number of Hours Worked	Paid Work	Unpaid Work	Voluntary Work
0	0	3	8
1 to 5	3	23	2
6 to 10	8	15	0
11 to 15	11	2	0
16 to 20	14	0	0
21 to 25	12	1	0
26 to 30	13	1	0
31 to 35	12	0	0
36 to 40	46	1	0
41 to 45	13	0	0
46 to 50	9	0	0
51 to 55	1	0	0
56 to 60	0	0	0
61 to 65	1	0	0
66 to 70	0	0	0
71 to 75	1	0	0
76 to 80	1	0	0
DNS	25	124	160

Table 26a. Table showing type of work as well as the hours worked in the week preceding the survey.

Hours Worked	Paid	Unpaid
0	56	38
1 to 5	4	12
6 to 10	2	4
11 to 15	0	0
16 to 20	0	1
21 to 25	0	0
26 to 30	1	0
DNS	107	115

Table 27a. Table showing hours spent conducting research in the week preceding the survey.

	Paid Hours	Unpaid Hours
More	27	2
less	3	1
Same	22	2
DNS	84	0

Table 28a. Table showing if and how Podiatrists surveyed would like to change hours spent conducting research

Hours worked	Paid	Unpaid
0	43	32
1 to 5	10	46
6 to 10	3	4
11 to 15	1	0
16 to 20	0	0
21 to 25	0	0
26 to 30	1	0
85 to 90	0	1
DNS	112	87

Table 29a. Table showing hours spent conducting professional development in the week preceding the survey.

	Paid Hours	Unpaid Hours
More	46	4
less	4	0
Same	45	3
DNS	43	0

Table 30a. Table showing if and how Podiatrists surveyed would like to change hours doing professional development.

	Number of Podiatrists
Took course	124
Did not take course	21
DNS	25

Table 31a. Table showing whether the Podiatrists surveyed continued their education in the 12 months preceding the survey.

Age	≤5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	DNS
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
24	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
25	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
26	2	0	1	1	0	1	0	2	1
27	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
28	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
30	3	3	0	1	2	2	0	0	0
31	2		0	0	1	1	0	0	2
32	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	2
33	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
34	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
35	5	1	0	2	0	1	0	1	1
36	0	2	0	2	0	4	0	0	2
37	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3
38	1	2	0	1	0	2	0	0	0
39	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
40	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
41	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
42	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
43	1	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	2
44	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
45	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
46	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1
47	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0
48	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
49	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
51	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
52	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
53	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
54	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
56	0	1	0	0	0	0		0	0
61	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
63	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
64	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67	1	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0
75	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 32a. Table showing perceived number of years left working in Podiatry in relation to age.

	≤5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	DNS
Metro	24	28	10	24	4	11	1	3	8
Southwest	3	1	2	1	1	1	0	0	1
Wheatbelt	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Great Southern	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Midwest	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Goldfields	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Kimberley	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Pilbara	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Did Not specify	2	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	19
Outside WA	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
error in form	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Table 33a. Table showing perceived number of years left working in Podiatry in relation to place of work.

Reason	Number
Retirement	81
Postgraduate Study	3
Career Change	34
Family Responsibility	20
Other	10
Did not specify	22

Table 34a. Table showing reason for leaving Podiatry.

years of exp.	Retirement	Postgrad. Study	Career Change	Family Responsibility	Other	DNS
1	1	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	1	0
3	2	0	1	3	1	0
4	2	0	3	0	0	1
5	2	0	2	4	0	1
6	1	0	3	1	0	1
7	3	2	0	0	1	1
8	1	0	3	0	1	1
9	1	0	3	4	0	1
10	4	1	1	0	1	0
11	7	0	2	1	0	1
12	1	0	0	0	0	0
13	1	0	1	1	1	1
14	0	0	2	2	1	1
15	3	0	0	2	1	2
16	2	0	1	0	0	2
17	4	0	1	0	0	0
18	1	0	0	1	1	1
19	6	0	0	0	0	0
20	1	0	1	0	1	0
21	1	0	1	0	0	0
22	6	0	1	0	0	1
23	2	0	0	0	0	0
24	1	0	1	0	0	0
25	2	0	1	0	0	0
26	2	0	1	0	0	1
27	2	0	0	0	0	0
28	3	0	0	0	0	0
29	3	0	0	0	0	0
30	2	0	0	0	0	0
31	1	0	1	0	0	1
32	2	0	0	0	0	0
33	1	0	0	0	0	1
34	1	0	0	0	0	0
38	2	0	0	0	0	0
57	1	0	0	0	0	0
DNS	6	0	3	1	0	4

Table 35a. Table showing likely reason for leaving Podiatry as a relation of years of experience in Podiatry.

	Retirement	Postgrad. Study	Career Change	Family Responsibility	Other	DNS
≤5	13	2	14	3	7	0
6 - 10	17	0	9	6	0	2
11 - 15	8	1	1	2	0	0
16 - 20	22	0	4	2	2	1
21 - 25	3	0	0	1	0	1
26 - 30	15	0	1	0	1	0
31 - 35	0	0	0	0	0	0
36 - 40	0	0	0	4	0	0
DNS	1	0	5	4	0	18

Table 36a. Table showing likely reason for leaving Podiatry as a relation of perceived number of years left in Podiatry.

Appendix 2

Podiatry Labour Force Survey 2007

Podiatry Labour Force Survey, 2007

The information collected in this survey will be used only to compile statistical aggregates for the purpose of national, state and regional workforce planning. Your cooperation in completing this form will greatly contribute to making these statistics accurate and reliable.

The gathering and use of this data complies with State and Federal Legislation.

Queries regarding this survey may be directed to Rosalie Miles of the Workforce Division, WA Health on (08) 9222 2179.

Please return your completed form and registration papers to the Podiatrists Board of Western Australia by 31 December 2007. Your prompt assistance is greatly appreciated.

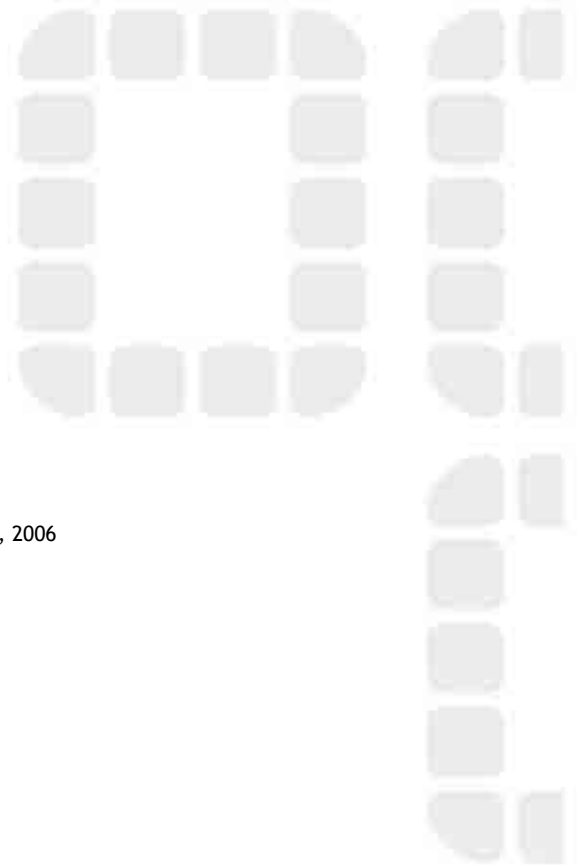
About You																																					
1. Sex	Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/>																																				
2. Year of birth	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>																																				
3. Country of birth	Australia <input type="checkbox"/> UK/Ireland <input type="checkbox"/> Asia <input type="checkbox"/> New Zealand <input type="checkbox"/> Other Europe <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>																																				
4. Are you an Australian citizen?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>																																				
A. If NO do you have permanent residence status in Australia?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>																																				
5. Do you identify as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>																																				
6. What is the postcode of your place of permanent residence	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>																																				
7a. Do you have a health issue that impacts on your work?	No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Please specify _____																																				
7b. Do you have a health issue that does not impact on your work?	No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Please specify _____																																				
Your Registration																																					
8. In which State or Territories are you registered	WA <input type="checkbox"/> NT <input type="checkbox"/> SA <input type="checkbox"/> TAS <input type="checkbox"/> VIC <input type="checkbox"/> NSW <input type="checkbox"/> ACT <input type="checkbox"/> QLD <input type="checkbox"/>																																				
9. What type of registration do you hold?	Full registration <input type="checkbox"/> Limited registration <input type="checkbox"/> Student registration <input type="checkbox"/> Deemed registration <input type="checkbox"/>																																				
10. Please select the level of qualification(s) you have obtained from the following list:	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 60%;"></th> <th style="width: 10%;">Level</th> <th style="width: 15%;">Year of completion</th> <th style="width: 15%;">State/Country of qualification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Certificate</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Diploma</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Bachelor Degree</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Post Graduate Diploma</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5. Masters Degree</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6. Doctoral</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>7. Other</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Qualifications in fields other than podiatry</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Level	Year of completion	State/Country of qualification	1. Certificate	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	2. Diploma	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	3. Bachelor Degree	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	4. Post Graduate Diploma	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	5. Masters Degree	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	6. Doctoral	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	7. Other	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Qualifications in fields other than podiatry	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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11. How many years of practice have you completed since gaining your basic qualification? <i>Please indicate the number of full-time and part-time years, specifying in years or parts of years</i>	Number of years full-time <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> Number of years part-time <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>																																				
Your Employment																																					
12. Which of the following describes your work status last week?	<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">A. Working in podiatry</td> <td style="width: 20%;">-Working only in WA <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-Working mainly in WA but also in other States <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-Working mainly in other States but also in WA <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-Working only in other States <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-Working in profession overseas <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>B. On extended leave from working in podiatry</td> <td>-On extended leave from working in profession <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-Working in WA but currently on leave for three months or longer <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>C. Not working in podiatry</td> <td>-Not working <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>-Working but not in profession <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	A. Working in podiatry	-Working only in WA <input type="checkbox"/>		-Working mainly in WA but also in other States <input type="checkbox"/>		-Working mainly in other States but also in WA <input type="checkbox"/>		-Working only in other States <input type="checkbox"/>		-Working in profession overseas <input type="checkbox"/>	B. On extended leave from working in podiatry	-On extended leave from working in profession <input type="checkbox"/>		-Working in WA but currently on leave for three months or longer <input type="checkbox"/>	C. Not working in podiatry	-Not working <input type="checkbox"/>		-Working but not in profession <input type="checkbox"/>																		
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PLEASE TURN OVER THE PAGE

<p>13. Persons not working in podiatry:</p> <p>A. Are you looking for work in podiatry?</p> <p>B. Are you working in a health related field where your discipline skills assist you in the performance of your duties?</p> <p>C. Please tick the main reason for not working in podiatry</p> <p>D. Are you planning to re-enter the podiatry workforce?</p> <p>E. If yes, please tick the likely time frame for re-entry</p>	<p>No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> Full-time <input type="checkbox"/> Part-time <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Either full-time or part-time <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Not yet commenced <input type="checkbox"/> Retirement from workforce <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Family responsibility <input type="checkbox"/> Postgraduate study in profession <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Change in career <input type="checkbox"/> Postgraduate study in other field <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Other <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Next 12 months <input type="checkbox"/> 2 to 5 years <input type="checkbox"/> 6 to 10 years <input type="checkbox"/></p>																														
<p>IF YOU ARE NOT WORKING IN PODIATRY THERE ARE NO FURTHER QUESTIONS</p>																															
<p>14. Have you returned to work in podiatry in the last 12 months after a period of unpaid absence?</p>	<p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p>																														
<p>15. In which broad area(s) of podiatry did you work last week and how many hours would you allocate to each? (Tick all that may apply)</p>	<p>Clinical <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Administration/management <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Training/education <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Clinical supervision <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Students <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Other Professionals <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Research <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Other (please specify) <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>																														
<p>16. In which category(ies) were you engaged last week and how many hours would you allocate to each? (Tick all that may apply)</p>	<table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">Privately Operated</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Publicly Operated</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Private practice</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nursing home/hostel</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Community health service</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rehabilitation service</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hospital or Day Surgery</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Schools</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Government facility</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tertiary education sector</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other (Please specify) <input type="text"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Privately Operated	Publicly Operated	Private practice	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Nursing home/hostel	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Community health service	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Rehabilitation service	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Hospital or Day Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Schools	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Government facility	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Tertiary education sector	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Other (Please specify) <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
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<p>17. What is the postcode of your place(s) of work?</p>	<p>Main job <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Second job <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <p>Third job <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p>																														
<p>18. Approximately how many hours did you work in your job last week?</p> <p>A. How many research hours did you work in the past week?</p> <p>B. Would you like to be working more or less research hours than this?</p> <p>C. How many professional development hours did you work in the past week?</p> <p>D. Have you undertaken any continuing education in your profession during the last 12 months?</p> <p>E. Would you like to be working more or less professional development hours than this?</p>	<p>Total hours worked in the week</p> <p>Paid <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Unpaid <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Voluntary <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Other <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Please specify _____</p> <p>Paid <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Unpaid <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>More <input type="checkbox"/> Less <input type="checkbox"/> Same <input type="checkbox"/> More <input type="checkbox"/> Less <input type="checkbox"/> Same <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Paid <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Unpaid <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>More <input type="checkbox"/> Less <input type="checkbox"/> Same <input type="checkbox"/> More <input type="checkbox"/> Less <input type="checkbox"/> Same <input type="checkbox"/></p>																														
<p>19. How many more years do you plan to continue working in podiatry within Western Australia.</p>	<p>Years <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>																														
<p>20. Please tick the main reason for likely departure from podiatry</p>	<p>Retirement <input type="checkbox"/> Family responsibility <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Postgraduate study <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Career change <input type="checkbox"/></p>																														

THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME
Please return the completed survey by 31 December 2007

Delivering a Healthy WA



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